#### 2 experts join Habib in Amman

AMMAN (R) - Two State Department experts in Arab-Israeli affairs arrived here Friday night to join U.S. special covoy Philip Habib in his talks with Jordanian leaders on Middle East issues. U.S. embassy sources said Mr. Richard Fairbanks and his assistant Mr. Wat Cleverius were expected to take part in Mr. Habib's talks with King Hussein Saturday. They said the talks would cover recent developments in the Middle East and peace efforts for the region. Mr. Habib, who arrived from Israel earlier Friday, is currently negotiating the withdrawal of Israeli, Syrian and Palestinian forces from Lebanoo, but this will not be a major topic in the talks here, the sources said. The talks coincide with a planned visit by Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat, but U.S. sources said Mr. Habib would not be meeting Mr.





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#### Draper returns to Beirut

BEIRUT (R) — American special envoy Morris Draper arrived in Beirut Friday and was expected to meet Lebanese President Amin Gemayel, Beirut Radio reported. Li did not say where Mr. Draper flew in from. He was helieved to have been with his chief Philip Habib in Israel. Mr. Draper carried out the shuttle diplomacy. aimed at the withdrawal of foreign troops from Lebanon, hefore President Reagan added Mr. Habib's weight to the efforts last week.

#### PLO postpones council meeting

AMMAN (Petra) — A Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Amman office spokesman said Thursday that PLO Higher Council for Education. Culture and Sciences meeting had been postponed till Sunday, Nov. 28, 1982. The meeting was due to be held in Amman on Saturday.

#### 6 killed, 46 injured in Algerian stadium collapse

PARIS (R) — Six people were killed and 46 seriously injured when the roof of a football stadium collapsed on spectators in Algiers. the Algerian News Agency APS received in Paris reported. The agency said dozens of spectators had climbed onto the roof hecause the stadium, which can hold about 15.000 people, was full. The roof then collapsed onto those below. The agency said the crowd panicked after the collapse, scrambling over the fences onto the pitch, where players, spectators and police were pushed together.

#### Qadhafi's planned U.N. speech postponed

UNITED NATIONS (R) - A planned visit to the United Nations by Libyan leader Muammar Qudhati during which he wanted to address the General Assembly has been postponed, a U.N. spokesman said Friday. He said the Libyan mission had informed the U.N.'s protocol service of the postponement. There were no other details. Col. Qadhafi had said previously that he wanted to address the General Assembly next week following his election as the new chairman of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU). But the collapse Thursday of the latest attempt 10 convene an African summit meeting in the Libyan capital, Tripoli, left Kenya's President Daniel arap Moi as head of the OAU for the time being.

#### Israeli airport workers announce fresh strike

TEL AVIV (R) - Israeli airport workers and civil aviation emplovees announced a sudden closure of the country's civilian airfields Friday in their continuing campaign for wage increases. The employees said they would shut down airports between 4.15 p.m. (1415 GMT) this afternoon, shortly before the start of the Sabbath. They will reopen at dusk Saturday (about 1600 GMT). Similar strike action was taken last weekend, but with longer warning. Foreign airlines made hastv arrangements to put forward or postpone flights, while several scheduled flights were cancelled at the last minute.

#### Ghanaian loyal troops hunt down rebels

ACCRA (R) - Troops loyal to Ghanaian leader Flt.-Lt. Jerry Rawlings are hunting rebels on the run after an attempted coup, and have arrested soldiers and civilians implicated in it, according to a Defence Ministry statement. The ministry said loyal forces had mounted an intensive search to hunt down the rebels and had recovered mortar bombs abandoned after their failed attempt to overthrow the government on Wed-

# PLO criticises U.S. plan but does not reject it

DAMASCUS (R) — The leadership of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Friday criticised President Reagan's Middle

East peace plan for not guaranteeing the Pal-

But a statement issued after a meeting in Damascus fell short of totally rejecting the U.S. initiative, apparently reflecting PLO

Chairmao Yasser Arafat's desire

estinians an independent state.

to keep his opiions open despite opposition from PLO hardliners. The statement, issued by the PLO News Agency WAFA, said the organisation's Central Council, a 60-member consultative body which met bere Thursday night. "declared that the proposals of U.S. President Reagan do not satisfy the inalienable nat-

ional rights of our people."

right of our people to self-determination and to establish its own independent state under the rleadership of the PLO, without which there can be no just and lasting peace in the Middle East,"

it stated. President Reagan last September called for Palestinian selfrule in the West Bank and Gaza Strip in association with Jordan. But be said be would not support the creation of a Palestinian state in the regions, occupied by Israel since 1967.

The plan caused disagreements "The Reagan plan ignores the in the PLO which do not yet app-

Mr. Arafat, seeking a way forward for the PLO after it was forced out of its main bases in Lebanon by this summer's Israeli invasion, has given a cautious welcome to parts of the U.S. plan and began what seemed to he moves to

follow them up.

He held an intensive series of talks with King Hussein and later said that once an independent Palestinian state was established, he would be ready to consider a federation with Jordan.

But some Syrian-based hardline sections of the PLO, including parts of Mr. Arafat's Fateh commando group, were highly critical of his moves and on Friday some PLO officials in Damascus indicated they were disappointed that the statement did not flatly reject

The statement, made to WAFA by Khaled Fahoum, speaker of the

Palestinians' parliament in exile wbo chaired Thursday night's meeting, did not make even an indirect reference to the recent spate of calls for the PLO to recognise Israel.

The United States, France, and some pro-Western Arab states have been urging the PLO to make this move so that it may start dialogue with the U.S. administration. Washington at present refuses to have direct dealings with the PLO unless it recognises

The statement said the meeting declared that the PLO was the sole legitimate representative of the alestinian people.

The Damascus-based PLO officials said they had also hoped the statement would commit the PLO to avoiding any contact with Egypt unless it revoked its peace treaty with Israel.

## Abu Odeh: Jordan will not join in separate talks with Israel

AMMAN (Petra) - Information Ronald Reagan. However, only Minister Adnan Abu Odeh declared that Jordan will not join any separate peace talks with Israel on the Palestinian issue without the approval of the Palesine Liberation Organisation (PLO). He said the PLO and Jordan sense a feeling of joint danger posed by

In an interview with the Agence France Prese. Mr. Abu Odeh said that the time element, in the short run, works in Israel's interest. Israel, he said, is taking advantage of the status quo to consolidate its occupation of the Arab territories "I am afraid that soon, there

will be nothing left to negotiate about." the minister added. Mr. Abu Odeh said there are now two plans under discussion

for the Middle East. "One is the Arab peace plans which was approved by the Fez summit conference and the other is the initiative of U.S. President

one programme is being applied, namely, the creeping Israeli annexation of the occupied territories." Mr. Abu Odeh said.

"The only way out of the sit-

uation currently prevailing in the area should be an American ioitiative prompting Israel to renew its commitment to the principles of United Nations Security Council Resolution 242. This is very important. Furthermore, the United States should work for freezing the Israeli plan of establishing new settlements in the

occupied territories." he said. Asked about the stand of the Palestinians in the occupied territories towards the settlement plans currently being discussed.

Mr. Ahu Odeh said that he believes the residents of the occupied territories are anxious to see a quick end to occupation. Furthermore, the majority of them

would go along with the political

nrake, he added.

Answering another question. Mr. Abu Odeh said he does not expect American pressure to prompi Jordan to negotiate scparately with Israel. "However. Israel's continued annexation of the occupied territories is in itself a permanent threat to Jordan's security, from the viewpoint of the present Israeli government, the West Bank residents are a Jordanian demographic extension into the land of Israel."

The ultimate goal of Jsrael is to force these residents to leave the West Bank and reside in Jordan. Mr. Abu Odeh said.

Mr. Abu Odeh added that "in the long run. Israel's hostile policy is suicidal, and it should realise that it should work for becoming acceptable in the Arab World. Otherwise, it would be bound to live in permanent isolation and inside a military fortress forever."

## Collapse of summit casts doubt on OAU

TRIPOLI(R) — The future of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) appeared more uncertain Friday than at any time in its 19year bistory after the second collapse of its annual summit in four

The breakdown, which this time came over who should take the Chad seat, underlined the polarisation of the OAU's radical and moderate blocs and cast doubt on whether or not it can continue in its present form, many delegates

The continent's only forum for political cooperation bas increasingly become that battleground for confrontation between its two major rival groupings—the moderates and the

Tazanian Foreign Minister Salim Salim, whose country is among the less hard-line tadicals. told reporters Friday that in his

terrand said Friday the Western

powers did not want Iraq to be

defeated in its war with Iran bec-

ause the balance between the two

of a three-day visit to Egypt. Mr. Mitterrand said it was in the int-

erests of all countries that the bal-

ance between Iran and Iraq was

"The efforts of the Western

Mr. Mitterrand said the two-

danger to the stability of the reg-

The Gulf war figured pro-

and this southern Egyptian town.

close to the Soviet-built Aswan

High Dam.
There were no differences bet-

sians and Arabs and posed a great countries.

must be preserved.

mainrained.

war." he said.

politicised and should focus instead on economic cooperation.

As African leaders conducted their own post mortems Friday, there was n growing feeling that the OAU should hold an extraordinary summit in the future to discuss what the purpose and the scope of the OAU and its chairman should be, some delegates

Mr. Salim said Tanzania favoured the annual summit being held permanently at the OAU Addis Ababa headquarters instead of in the capital of any country which wanted, and could afford, to act as bost.

Some ministers said privately

ASWAN. Egypt (R) — The ween Egypt and France in their contract under which the French French President Francois Mitapproach to Middle East peace car firm Peugeot would open a

Palestine Liberation Organisation

(PLO) to recognise Israel as a step

towards political negotiations and

Asked about President Rea-

gan's peace plan calling for an

autonomous Palestine in ass-

ociation with Jordan. Mr. Mit-

Egyptian officials and new-

French officials said con-

siderable progress had been made

in negotiations on commercial

Damiet Port complex, both of

which were started by French

Also nearing completion was a

spapers have hailed Mr. Mit-

terrand said he backed all moves

Egypt and France are urging the

moves. Mr. Mitterrand said.

ependent Palestinian state.

that the real reason for the vollapse of the summit was a suspicion among moderate states that Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi would use the OAU chairmanship, which he would have the countries which staye view the OAU had become too successful, to promote his own ica.

Speaking to reporters at the end the eventual creation of an ind-

powers must be aimed at preserving the balance. We do not want Iraq to be defeated in this are considerable."

year-old conflict had its roots in terrand's visit as the reaffirmation

the ancient rivalry between Per- of a special bond between the two

minently in his talks over the past contracts involving projects such

three days with Egyptian Pre-sident Hosni Mubarak in Cairo underground railway and the

companies.

'West wants balance between Iraq, Iran'

revolutionary policies and national interest in the region.

Twice-deprived of the .chairmanship he was-due to take over from Kenya, a bitter Col. Qadhafi attacked "imperialism" Thursday night for the breakdown of the summit and, while offering to try to host it again, said he would make no concessions to the mod-

Speaking at an informal session leaders and ministers from the 30 states present Thursday night. Col. Qadhafi blamed Washington, Paris and London and their "agents" in Sudan, Somalia and Morocco for the failure of the summit.

According to an unofficial translation of his remarks, he accused France of ordering its former colonies in Africa to stay away depriving the summit of a 34 nation quorum by four states. Many of assumed had the summit been were from French-speaking Afr-

Mitterrand sightseeing

With two days of Middle East

diplomacy behind him, French

President François Mitterrand

Friday indulged his passion for

The first item on his pro-

gramme was the Pharaonic temple

on Philae Island in the Nile. The

temple was one of those removed

from the path of the flood when the Aswan High Dam was built by the Russians in the 1960s.

After that, the President was

Accompanying Mr. Mitterrand was Egyptian President Hosni

Mubarak. During their two days

of talks which ended in Cairo Thu-

rsday, the two leaders ranged ext-

ensively over Middle East affairs

and discussed the continuing flow

of French military and civil equ-

France is second only to the

United States as Egypt's biggest

ipment to Egypt.

foreign supplier.

due to visit the Aswan High Dam

Egyptian antiquities.

plant in Egypt.

#### Gunmen attack Israeli patrol near Beirut Airport

Israel.

BEIRUT (R) - Unidentified gunmen opened fire on an Israeli military patrol near Beirut Airport Friday but there were oo casualties, an Israeli military spokesman said,

The patrol was driving through the village of Deir Quoubil, two kilometres from the airport.

There have been regular attacks on Israeli patrols in recent weeks. believed by most Lebanese to have been carried out by leftist groups formerly alhed with Palestinian commandos. Meanwhile, the death toll in an

apartment block explosion in southern Beirut Thursday night rose to 12 Friday, Lebanese television reported. The cause was not

The building was in an area inhabited mainly by Shi ite squatters.

Clashes were reported Friday in the town of Aley, in the mountains south-east of Beirut, apparently between Christian militiamen and leftist Druze.

## French societies to organise pro-Palestinian rally Monday

PARIS (Petra) - The societies for French friendship with the Arab World will organise a popular rally in Paris Monday on the day of international solidarity with the Palestinian people.

Representatives of the French vocational trade unions, political parties, the representative of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in Paris and the director of the Arab League office in Paris' will participate in the rally.

Meanwhile, the Arab group at the United Nations Educational. Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UNESCO) will hold a meeting on the same occasion at the UNESCO conference hall in

Diplomats and officials at the international organisation. Arab ambassadors in Paris as well as official French politicians will attend the meeting.

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October 1982

## Fitzgerald tipped to replace Haughey

DUBLIN (R) - Prime Minister Charles Haughey seemed virtually certain Friday to be replaced by a coalition of his opponents after the third poll in the Irish Republic in 18 months failed to give any one party an overall majority.

The small Labour Party held the balance of power and, although its leader Dick Spring refused to reveal his plans, all the indications were that Labour would back Garret Fitzgerald's Fine Gael Party and oust Mr. Haughey and his Fianna Fail Party.

Labour will not make a final decision on coalition until just before the new parliament meets on Dec. 14, but both Mr. Spring and Mr. Haughey have said they do not favour a Fianna Fail-

Labour alliance. Dr. Fitzgerald, a liheral intellectual, led a short-lived Fine Gael-Labour government last in the party oppose coalition, argvear until fell in January over uing that the previous alliances

plans to raise taxes on clothes and bad lost Labour support and blu-

Both Fianna Fail and Fine Gael are generally conservative and nationalist parties whose divisions date back to a civil war in the early years of the Irish Republic. The final election tally gave

Fianna Fail 75 seats, Fine Gael 70. Labour 16 and five to finge parties and independents. Counting continued in one constituency but both contenders left in the race were from Fianna Fail.

In the last parliament Fianna Fail held 80 seats to Fine Gael's 64 and Labour's 14, with the balance held by others.

Fine Gael and Labour have formed coalitions four times in the past and Mr. Spring has made no secret of his preference for Fine Gael as a partner. However some leading figures rred its identity in the eyes of the voters.

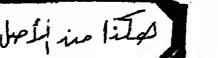
The differences came to a head three weeks ago when Labour Leader Michael O'Leary resigned and joined Fine Gael after delegates refused to commit Labour to coalition with Fine Gael.

Party delegates finally decided to fight the election on an independent socialist platform and keep open the coalition option.

Commentators point out that Labour could decide to stay out of government and back a minority Fine Gael administration, and they stress that the possibility of an alliance with Fianna Fail cannot be ruled out entirely.

If Fine Gael and Labour do get together the country will have its first government commanding a working majority for 18 months.

لمِكنًا من إلمَامِلُ



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## 'Productive, administrative sectors should interact'

By Afifah A. Kaloti Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Recommendations by lecturers and participants were submitted here at the end of a four-day seminar held Nov. 22 - -25 on the role of productivity in the development of industrial work. To raise the level of performance and productivity. His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan recommended that the social and economic problems in Jordan should be tackled in a comprehensive manner in which the two factors can play a coordinated role and in which the different sectors of production and administration can interact in a complementary manner.

The seminar, held at the Amman Chamber of Industry, was organised by the chamber and the International Labour Organisation (ILO) and included all concerned in the national development of productivity, officials of national organisations and representatives of ministries concerned.

"It was a unique seminar for it was attended by 97 panicipants. There were 6tt people representing various public industries and production sectors, five participants from universities and higher schools of education, 10 professors in trade unions, 5 par-Jordan in addition to participants from the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) as well as from Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, and 18. participants from ministries and departments," Mr. Ali Dajani, the director of the Amman Chamber of Industry, told the Jordan

He pointed out that the participation of governmental off-icials in the seminar indicates their interest to promote the level of

productivity in the country. The representative of the ILO and a co-organiser of the seminar told the Jordan Times that for the last ten years most of the economic researches and studies done by ILO experts and by other organisations shifted a growing intcrest in the development of

erprises, particularly in the dev- other board composed of maneloping countries. He added that aging directors and executive staff the aim of the seminar was to who carry out policy and executive reach certain solutions and con- work. ctusions which will be of benefit to the development of industries in

#### Eight working papers

The eight working papers presented during the four-day seminar dealt with the ways and means to promote and raise the level of productivity in the country. Lecturers dealt with the basics of productivity, role of supervisory management in productivity. role legislation in the development of productivity, job description and its effect on productivity, ways of avoiding waste as well as the application of safety instructions for the development of productivity, role of preparing and training manpower for raising the level of productivity. The relationship between the wages and the development of productivity, and the code of ethics governing work and discipline in industrial establishments.

A summary of papers and recommendations suggested was cited by Minister of Labour Jawad Al Anani who concluded the seminar. One of the recommendations was to coordinate activities between different organisations of ticipants from various banks in the private sector to enable them as a whole to formulate their own projections about the issues involved in the development of production sectors and rationalisation of activities among them. It is also to formulate specific sectors for the different groups of industrial. commercial and agricultural activities with the view of interaction between among them.

#### More research units

Another recommendation stressed on research units in planned training for middle managers more. They suggested that public share-holder companies shou!; have two levels of board directors. one representing share-holders who are responsible for the genmedium-size and small ent- eral policy of the company and the

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# Expatriates cable King

BAGHDAD (Petra) - Jordanian workers in Iraq have reaffirmed their support of the His Majesty King Hussein's leadership and wise policies at domestic and pan-Arab levels. They also bailed His Majesty's bonourable stands towards the Palestinian issue and the Iraqi-Iranian war.

A recommendation, however.

stressed on giving more weight to

responsible managers. The labour

forces should be provided with

incentives. The chamber of ind-

ustry offered to provide awards to

working men and women who

show prominence in their work. It

was suggested that anyone who

establishes food, engineering or

chemical industries and con-

formed to the standard spe-

cifications should be aut-

omatically granted all exemptions

and facilities specified in the cnc-

ouragement of investment. To

raise productivity there should be

coordination and integration

among various functions of the

industrial projects as well as man-

agement of materials and war-

ehouses and unification of wage

In order to develop skilled manpower, there should be edu-

cational training. To achieve this

there should be diverse ways of

educational training as to include

industrial production, and con-

centration on vocational training.

Individual vs. community

producti ity

The seminar tso stressed the

need for spec scation of pro-

ductivity concepts and dif-

ferentiation between average ind-

ividual productivity and com-

munity productivity. It called for

the assessment of a better formula

for small establishments that suf-

fer from lack of services, and edu-

cating the labour force in general

and professional merits of the ind-

ividual in addition to the establishment of training and edu-

cational centres at the companies.

hasised the necessity for securing

material and moral incentives for

the labour force to encourage

productivity increase. The need

for modernising administrative

and organisational systems and

creating suitable working con-

ditions for the workers to deepen

their confidence and attachment

to the establishment was abu-

"We possess the leadership and I

aptitude for hard and precise

work." Mr. Ali Al Dajani said.

We have chances to increase our

exports in the area if we increase

the production of our manpower.

in our establishments."
The recommendations will be

studied by authorities concerned

and the chamber of industry will

'follow up all the rec-

ommendations which were the

outcome of the successful sem-

inar. The widely attended seminar

manifests a kind of specific dev-

elopment in the progress of Jor-

dan," Mr. Ali Al Dajani proudly

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told the Jordan Times.

The recommendations emp-

In a cable they sent to the King on Thursday, the Jordanian workers in Iraq expressed their abs otute support for the establishment of a Jordanian-Palestinian confederation and said "such a confederation is one of the goals of the Great Arab Revolt" led by the late Sharif Hussein Ibn Ali.

The cable, was sent by member: of the ceotral council of the Fed eration of Jordanian Workers Trade Unions (FJWTU), eurrently working in Iraq.

## Kaddori, AOAD chief hold coordination talks

General of the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) Fakhri Kaddon discussed on Thursday with Director-General of the Arab Organisation for Agricultural Development (AOAD) Hassan Fahmi Jum'ah and AOAD Regional Director Fahd Al Azab the results of coofdination between the CAEU general secretariat and the AOAD in fields of mutual con-

Dr. Jum'ah expressed his satisfaction for the fruitful and constructive cooperation taking place in the field of preparing studies. documents and visits exchanged visualisations of the joint issues.

between the two organisations in order to formulate appropriate

AMMAN (Petra) — Secretary- secretariat delegation leaves Amman for Doha on Enday to participate in the seminar organised by the Gulf Organisation for Industrial Consultations IG-OIC1 in cooperation with the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) on Sunday.

Participants in the three-day seminar will discuss the experience of the joint Gulf projects. The CAEU delegation will present two studies on the experience of joint Arab projects established within the framework of the CAEU as well as the results of this experience in consolidating Arab economic integration.

Experts and officials from the industry and oil sectors in the Arab countries and several other Arab organisations will participate in the seminar.

## Plant protection seminar results in 'total success'

By Riyad M. Ahmad Special to the Jordan Times

Plant Protection (ASPP) Thursday concluded its first scientific meeting held at the Faculty of Agriculture in the University of Jordan.

The four-day symposium was organised by the ASPP in cooperation with the University of Jordan, the Ministry of Agriculture and the Jordan Valley Authority, in addition to several

other public and private institutions.

The Beirut-based ASPP, set up in 1981, aims at developing and encouraging scientific research and cooperation in the field of plant protection all over the Arab

World. Participants representing 15 Arab countries, in addition to AMMAN - The Arab Society for eight international plant protection specialists, held continuous sessions where scientific papers were discussed and views exchanged. At the end of the concluding

session participants in the seminar recommended issuing a magazine on scientific plant protection in which the work of ASPP members and plant protection specialists all over the world could be published.

The seminar was a "total success", according to Abdullah Al Musa, ehairman of the last bacteriological diseases session

Dr. Al Musa added that the symposium concentrated on plant disease that cause drastic losses of staple agricultural crops.

#### **NEWS IN BRIEF**

#### Jordanian ambassador meets Gemayel

BEIRUT (Petra) - Lebanese President Amin Gemayel received on Friday Jordanian ambassador to Lebanon Mu'tasim Al Bilbisi. who presented his credentials to the Lebanese president. During the presentation of credentials. Mr. Bilbisi conveyed to President Gemavel the greetings of His Majesty King Hussein and wishes for Mr. Gemayel's success together with hopes for the prosperity and stability of Lebanon. President Gemayel welcomed the Jordanian ambassador and asked him to convey his greetings and appreciation to the King.

NCC speaker, aides to visit Iraq

AMMAN (Petra) — A delegation of the National Consultative Council (NCC) under Speaker Suleiman Arar will leave Amman for Baghdad on Wednesday for a visit to Iraq at the invitation of Speaker of the Iraqi National Council Na im Haddad. The delegation includes NCC members Anis Al Mu'ashsher, Sulciman Irtaimeh, Mihjim Al Khraisheh, Dr. Yahva Khrais, Sa'd Havil Surur, Dr. Faisal Kan'an, Abdul Jaber Taim, Hani Abu Hiikih. Isa Al Ramouni, and Mrs. Eidah Al Mutlaq.

#### Cooperative team off to Nicosia

AMMAN (Petra) - A delegation of the Jordanian Cooperatives Organisation (JCO) beaded by the director of the cooperative and projects at the JCO, Mr. Avyouh Batarseh, Ich Amman for Nicosta on Thursday for a visit to Cyprus to see how the Cyprint cooperative movement works as a successful movement in the economic and social sectors.

#### Committee probes foreign workers ....

AMMAN (Petra) — Labour Minister Jawad Al Anuni presided on Thursday a meeting of the employment committee at the ministry which looked into the applications submitted by 24 Jordanian companies to employ foreign workers. The committee approved of the employment of the foreign workers out of the original 500 which these companies wished to employ. Labour Ministry sources said priority in employment is given to Jordanian and Arab workers, and under all circumstances, each enterprise operating in Jordan should have at least 50 percent of its working force Jordanians.

India sends new ambassador to Jordan

AMMAN (Petra) — The new Indian ambassador to Jordan Mr. Pyare Lal Santoshi arrived in Amman on Friday. He was received at Amman Airport by a number of foreign ministry officials and members of the Indian emhassy staff.

Seminar for public sector starts

AMMAN (Petra) - The Jordanian Public Administration Institute in cooperation with the Arab Organisation of Administrative Sciences (AOAS) starts on Saturday a two-week seminar for public sector trainees. Participants in the seminar will receive lectures and practical applications on defining training needs on the level of individuals and organisations, preparing plans, and chosing the appropriate means for training and assessing training programmes in addition to the basic requirements and methods for teaching old people.

Potash exports to start Monday

AMMAN (Petra) - The Arab Potash Company (APC) will begin commercial export of its products on Monday, chairman of the hoard of directors and Geoeral Manager Ali Al Khasawneh said. He said the first shipment of potash will be exported to Iraq. and added that the APC has contracted various world markets through specialised companies in the marketing of fertilisers to sell its products for the next five years. According to the contracts, the companies will buy the quanthies of potash previously agreed on F.O.B. Aqaba on the basis of the prevalent prices at the international markets at the time of delivery.

Roman Catholic bishops end conference

AMMAN (Petra) - The annual conference of Roman Catholic bishops in the Near East, held at the Roman Catholic church in Amman, concluded on Friday. Participants in the five-day conference discussed several issues involving the church, particularly ways of protecting the family against corruption, ways to raise young people, developing the spirit of faith and virtue in the individual and the Muslim-Christian dialogue. The bishops took appropriate decisions on these issues. The conference's meetings were headed by Roman Catholic Patriarch Ya qonb Biltriti and attended by bishops from Lebanon, Syria, Iraq. Egypt. Kuwait, the United Arab Emirates. Somalia, Djibouti, Cyprus and Naz-

Tunisian transport minister leaves

AMMAN (Petra) — Tunisian Transport and Communications Minister Al Sadeq Ion Jum'ah and his delegation left Amman on Friday at the end of a four-day visit to Jordan during which he met. with Prime Minister Mudar Badran and had talks with Transport Minister Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben and a number of officials on bilateral relations and ways of developing relations in transport, communications, trade and education. In a statement-to: the Jordan News Agency Petra Mr. Jum'ah said his talks dealt with the possibility of increasing air flights between the two countries and implementing joint projects for the maintenance of airliners as well as the manufacturing of electronic equipment in the Arab countries.



Richard and Mopsa English with their Triumph Thunderbird in Amman.

## 'Better a motor cycle than a car'

By Lamis Andoni Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN -"The thrill of feeling the wind, to feel free and to know more about the countries and the people around the world" were the reasons that prompted Ricon a motor cycle to Jordan as part of a tour around the world.

The British couple left London on Aug. 19, 1982, and have been to 10 countries since then.

Mr. and Mrs. English had planned the trip for two years. "We were working to raise money for the trip, but we could not have realised our dream without the suppon of several British fac-tories," Mr. English told the Jordan Times.

British factories and companies supplied the couple with a Triumph Thunderbird motor cycle, a Squire ST sidebox, camping equ-

ipment and spare parts, he said. "We are happy because they helped us, and we will try to help ference for motor-cycles than them through publicity when we cars, Mrs. English said, when I go back," he added.

The couple got down their experiences in a daily diary and write for different journals about their

They are interested to know as short, I feel more as if I am part of much as possible about the countries they pass through. They visit the historical and ancient landmarks in a country and try to make contacts with the people of the country to get an idea about different cultures.

Mr. English, who was working as a stage technician in London explained that he "visits the theatres that are most representational of the theatrical culture of a country."

The couple intend to write a site and sleep in a tent they are book about their experience when they finish their tour.

The tour, scheduled to last three years, is divided into four stages. The first includes Western Europe and part of Eastern Europe and several Middle Eastern countries. The second stage, which will last

through 1983, would be crossing Asian countries to Japan and then Australia, In Australia, Mr. and Mrs. English are planning to work for nine months for "We would nced money to continue our trip. and it is easier for us to work in Australia compared to other pluces we are going to."
In 1984, stage three, which inc-

ludes the three Americas should be covered and finally the couple will cross Africa from the west to the east and then go north on their way to Britain by the end of 1985. The couple, both in their early

twenties, explained that they both like motorbiking and consider the motor cycle to be "the best means of transportation". "In fact, both of us do not know

We have been to Syria and Jordan and people were insisting not to let us sleep in the tent and invited us to their houses. We did not really know about the extent of Arab generosity and hospitality before this trip, the couple said. It is not the first time for Mr. English to visit Jordan, but his first

how to drive a car." they said.

Commenting about their pre-

travel in a car I feel as I am in a box

and it kind of separates me from

the outside world. But on a motor

cycle it is different. I feel the wind,

the surroundings."

during the winter."

Arab countries."

I hear the noises around me. In

The couple do not think that

travelling around the world on a

motor cycle is inconvenient. "It is

a lot of fun actually, although it

becomes a little tough during bad

weather and rains, but we are well

equipped, and we have scheduled

our trip in a way to avoid the cold

weather for we are travelling thr-

ough relatively warm countries

equipped with "but not in the

They usually pick up a camping

on a motor cycle. The couple visited Aquba. Petra. Jerash and other tourist attractions. "There is a lot to see in Jordan considering the country's small size," rhey agreed. They were especially impressed by the arc-

hitecture in Jordan. "There are many interesting buildings in Amman like nowhere else we have been to." Mrs. English said. The couple expressed app reciation of the hospitality they

found in Jordan and said they enj oyed their stay in the country. Mr. and Mrs. English

Amman for Saudi Arabia on Fri-

#### ANNOUNCEMENT

The Organisers of the "German Concert Week" are pleased to announce that the gala concert on Monday, Nov. 29, 1982 by Bamberg Symphony Orchestra, will start at 8 p.m. sharp. Holders of tickets for the concert are therefore requested to be in their seats at the Royal Cultural Centre not later than 7:30 p.m.

#### PROGRAMME

1- Friedrich Smetana: Overture of the Opera "The Bartered Bride" 2. Wolfgang Amadeus : Mozart: Clarinet Con-

certo in A-Mayor Mozart Soloist: Wolfgang Teshner

Interval

3- Anton Dorak: Symphony No. 8

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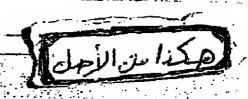
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By Phil Davison

IRUT - The United States irines saw their first action in hanon last week when they clawith the Lebanese army and

But it was only a football match d the sole casualty in the 5-2 hanese victory was the Marines'

The U.S. troops are part : of a uttinational peace-keeping nce to help the Lebanese army mirel a city which was run by histian or Muslim militias until st summer's Israeli invasion. Apart from the football, the tarmes, like the French and Ita-

U.S. Marines experience Baptism of fire in Lebanon lian troops which make up the rest few takers. of the international force, have had little to do.

Beirut, whose mainly-Muslim western area was besieged and bombarded by the Israelis between June and August, is slowly returning to tranquility and trying to rebuild its image as the jewel of the Middle East.

The big Red Ferris Wheel which towers over the west Beirut beach and emerged unscathed from the Israeli bombing and shelling, is turning again although there are!

The so-called "green line" area, wbich divides the capital's mainly Christian and Muslim districts and was a virtual no-go zone after the 1975-76 civil war, is now open and even attracting the odd tourist.

French troops seek mines in the rubble around the battered Martyr's Square, stopping to take pho-tographs of each other as mementoes, against the backdrop of destruction.

Local children watch the troops locate and blow up a mine with a blast that wrenches at the guts of a stranger. The experienced war-

child of Beirut scarcely blinks. While the U.S. Marines patrol east Beirut in jeeps, the French and Italians stroll along west Beirut's central Hamra Street, where life is getting back to normal with bars. night-clubs and cinemas

reopened. The French and Italians -- the latter unmistakeable in their red and yellow neck-scarves, look relaxed and try to exchange a few words with street vendors.

But a bloodstained pavement outside a hamburger bar, where one Israeli soldier was killed and

two were wounded by a gunman in September, reminds the foreign soldiers that violence is never far off in Beirut.

Shops in both east and west Beirut are well-stocked and wine, spirits and tobacco are cheaper than in European airport duty-free

Electrooic equipment abounds, often sold cheaply from the hools of cars in Hamra Street. Most of it comes off ships in

ports controlled by Christian militiamen, who impose their own duty, well below the official level. The government he said that

taking control of the ports is one of its main priorities, but there is no sign that this has happened despite the recent move towards normality in Beirut and most other

coastal areas. Another positive sign is the decline in road traffic anarchy in the capital. The police, largely ignored during periods of fighting, are gradually getting their whistles listened to.

With the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) forced out by the Israeli bombardment and leftist groups either disarmed or underground. President Amin

Gemayel claims government control over the whole city.

The Christian militia known as "the Lebanese forces", however, remain in east Beirut although they have pulled back to their barracks. In what appears to be an unwritten deal. the Lebanese army has moved only superficially into the east.

While portraits of the president are prevalent in west Beirut and the areas of east Beirt closest to the green line, portraits of his brother Bashir, killed by a bomb on Sept. 14, are more common in many eastern districts, and show

the continuing strength of nili as: right-wing Christian senting p., With the city fairly peaceful, the main problem confronting the multinational forces is what in an in their spare time.

Some observers fear the foreign troops may run into more trouble while off-duty than they face on

One U.S. Marine captain worried foreign correspondents in a local hotel recently when, in uniform, he stood on a bar rail and sang a song before passing his side-gun around the waiters and arm-wrestling with one of them.

A British newspaper conrespondent eventually persuaded the Marine to "put that thing to i... holster and keep it there.

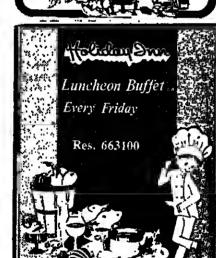
studio-line

## HOTELS









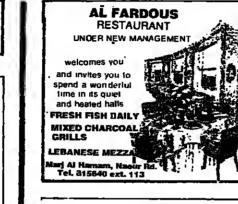
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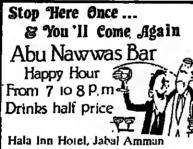


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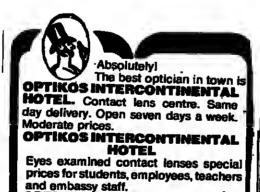
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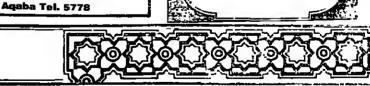
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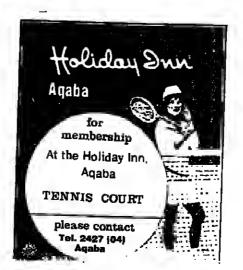
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## Another step towards peace

BY DECIDING against rejecting U.S. President Reagan's Middle East peace plan, the Palestinian leadership, which is currently meeting in Damascus to map out a new strategy after Lebanon, has shown an unquestionable desire to give

peace a chance. Of course the Palestinian leaders had to criticise the Reagan proposals for ignoring the Palestinians' inalienable rights especially to self-determination and statehood and for failing to envisage a role for the Palestinian people's sole representative, the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), to play in the peace process. But it is also true that they could not have ignored the fact that the Palestinian people yearns for peace and would sacrifice for it as much as they did when war was imposed on them.

What the Palestinians have decided in Damascus is what we, and the whole world, should see as a big step towards peace, even though the Americans or the Europeans might want to look at it dif-

The ball now is in the U.S. court. Washington cannot simply say that the Palestinians have not gone far enough when Israel does not even want to discuss with the Americans the Reagan proposals and has rejected them outright.

Maybe the Palestinians would want to go farther and they may. If the U.S. is really interested, the PLO is entitled to be told that America would pressure (or convince) the Israeli government to match peace steps.

Otherwise, what is the point?

#### JORDAN'S ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Reassessing the present to find future solution

The representative and executive bodies of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) are naturally concerned with revising several factors influencing the Palestinian question both in the Arab World and abroad.

The Arab peace offensive has accomplished the Washington and Paris steps. But other contacts must be among the issues being considered by the PLO leadership. The re-assessment of the Palestinian programme of action is quite necessary for drawing up a framework for future moves, and future relationships, particularly in view of the critical stage the Palestinian cause is undergoing

The courage that the Palestinian stand demonstrated during the Beirut battle is still needed for facing Israeli practices aimed at the annexation of the occupied territories the repressive policies directed against Arab peoples and the settlement policies pursued feverishly to restructure the - annexationist schemes.

demographic composition of the area. Jordan considers the confrontation of such policies a national responsibility that should be carried out in close coordination between the Jordanian and Palestinian people.

The assessment of the Jordanian-Palestinian relationship in future is of great consequence in saving the occupied land, and carrying out joint responsibilities facing the two sides at the present. Needless to say, the Jordanian-Palestinian masses believe that the time factor should be urgently dealt with and given due consideration.

They look forward to see this factor properly dealt with in full compliance with their aspirations, and speedily enough to implement their national will in freeing the occupied territories before they are swallowed by the occupation monster, which races with time in executing hideous

#### Al Dustour: The expensive alternative to peace in Middle East

Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak warned in a press conference against an Israeli scheme aimed at legalised annexation of the West Bank and Gaza Strip. In an address to the House of Commons, British Foreign Secretary Francis Pym considered Israel's settlement policy as a major obstacle to peace in the Middle East. The wellinformed New York Times pointed out lately that Israel has taken new secret steps facilitating the imposition of Israeli sovereignty upon occupied Arab territories.

This only refelcts the wide cognition throughout the world of Israel's expansionist plans, and the worldwide condemnation of Israel's aggressive and hegemonistic trends. It also expresses the warld community's rejection of the concept of seizing other people's land by force, a practice methodically exercised by the Israelis in violation of international laws that ban the imposition of any geographical or demographic changes on occupied territories.

Jordan at a very early stage realised and warned

against such Israeli schemes. These schemes have now long been put into practice, having taken a programme-of-action shape.

The international recognition of the Israeli settlement policies as a persistent danger is a positive development in the world public opinion with regard to the Middle East conflict. Yet such unanimity is only a lead that should be followed by practical steps that would put the peace process in the region into top gear.

The time factor is of fatal consequence to developments in the region. To graot the Israelis time to create new 'realities' in the occupied territories simply means to give them the opportunity to pile up hindrances to peace, that cannot be dooe away with except with a single unpeaceful alternative.

Such an alternative is too expensive for the world to afford, as it genuinely poses a threat to world peace against a hackground of the invaluable strategic and economic importance the regions represents.

# Syria speaks softer

By Paul Eedle

DAMASCUS. - After years of increasing isolation as a strident Arab hardliner, Syria bas started to adopt a softer tone in its foreign policy. Western diplomats point to quiet chaoges in Syrian policy towards Middle East peace and a new, conciliatory line on neighbouring Lebanon as signs of a switch in tactics, if not in underlying attitudes.

A year ago, an Arab summit conference in Morocco broke up in disarray because of Syrian and other opposition to an Arab peace peace plan implicitly recognising Israel. But Syria quietly attended a reconvened summit last September, also in Morocco, and endorsed a similar peace plan.

Syria dominated Lebanon for six years, intervening in the. 1975-76 Lebanese civil war and then keeping 30,000 troops there.

But now Syria has said it is willing to pull its meo out once Israeli forces which invaded Lebanon in June have withdrawn ton. Damascus has also offered friendship to Lebanese President Amin Gemayel. despite his Falangist Party's past hostuity, by releasing a number of Falangist officials jailed in Syria.

On Middle East peace, Western diplomats in Damascus see no change in Syria's conviction that there is no possibility of Middle East peace talks producing an acceptable settlement until there is a political and military "strategic balance" between the Arabs and

Israel. Syria believes this balance receded even further with the 1978 separate peace between Egypt and Israel. For four years, it has tried to block suggestions that other Arabs should join the U.S.sponsored peace process. But the diplomats said Syria now appeared to be adopting a lower profile and standing back to allow increasingly powerful Arab states such as Saudi Arabia, Jordan and Morocco to follow up the peace paln agreed at September's Arab summit.

The scheme calls for an independent Palestinian state but includes a clause widely interpreted as implying recognition of Israel.

#### No spoilers

"The Syrians" view of the world hasn't changed but I don't think they're going to be spoilers." one diclomat said. "They're not going to disrupt the church service but they're not believers."

The diplomats said that despite its softer tone. Syria appeared determined that the peace drive by those Arab states should not lead to unacceptable political concessions. The diplomats said one brotherhood in the central city of of Syria's prime concerns was that Hama.

the Syrian Golan Heights, occ upied by Israel in the 1967 Middle East war, should not be forgotten in any peace ralks.

Syria's changed tone appears to be the product of a shift in the balance of power in the Arab World and the war in Lebanon, coupled with its own economic and other internal problems.

Since the 1974 oil price explosion, the Arab oil states, led by Saudi Arabia, have become steadily more powerful at the expense of pro-Soviet Arah countries headed by Syria.

#### Severe blow

In Lebanon, Israel's June invasion dealt a severe blow to Syrian power. It broke Syria's military dominance and led to direct U.S. intervention to try to restore Lebanese government control over the whole country, virtually ruling out a role for the Syrians. At the same time, Western diplomats believe. economic problems made Svria vulnerable to political pressures from the Arab oil states on which it relies for ald, while internal problems made in less ready to engage in Arab political wra-

Although the government seems in firm cootrol, it took the armed forces a month to crush an uprising early this year by supporters of the outlawed Muslim

## Time and domestic policies work for Begin

# West Bank: Can Begin be stopped?

By Max Frankel

NEW YORK - The leaders of Israel feel themselves approaching the climax of a fratricidal conflict over their nation's future size and character. Thus, despite the vigour and freedom of their open political debate, high officials and party leaders reserve their most startling opinions for unattributable conversation.

All agree -- although few dare opeoly to acknowledge -- that time and domestic politics are now working powerfully for the policies of the Begin government and that nothing less than loud Arab peace offers and devious American intervention could still rescue the political minority that opposes these policies.

The conflict turns on Prime Minister Begio's unrelenting drive to envelop, if not formally anoex. the territories inhabited by 1.3 million Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza.

Some of the highest government officials proudly note that the settlement of Jews in

these regions (mostly in large suburban towns for commuters to Tel ·Aviv and Jerusalem) has progressed so far that partition of the land is no longer feasible. Israel's law as well as its army will embrace these "settlers" forever, they predict. Thus, the surrounded Arabs, although they will heavily outnumber West Bank Jews by ratios of 5-to-1 or more, will have no alternative to the proffered "autonomy"--without either Israeli citizenship or Arab sovereignty over the land they inh-

. The sponsors of this policy concede that they are urgently playing for time so that no American diplomacy or pressure can overtake the West Bank bulldozers. Mr. Begin heatedly rejected President Reagan's proposals to trade the land for peace. His camp denounces every related Arab move as a PLO trick. Mr. Begin's team also yearns for early Israeli elections, confident that they would finally put the West Bank beyond

the-reach of all outside pressure. The views of leaders who opplarge, resentful community of affluent or socialistic elites of European origin.

The prime minister's opponents peace bid from Jordan's King Husssein would now suffice to dislodge the West Bank.

That could work, they say, only if the United States helps them to topple the Begm government. And to that end leading opposnion figures now risk political oblivion by counseling sharp cuts in America's nonmilitary aid of \$800 million a year.

#### Desperation

It is, plainly, a counsel of desperation. But it testifies to the depths of the opposition's forebodings about absorbing a huge Arab population while containing it with an "autonomy" that could come to resemble South Africa's

ose this trend are even starker. apartheid. The dissenters fear they are reduced to pleading for They acknowledge political wea- endless cycles of Palestinian terror sharp cuts in American aid. kness, which is mainly due to Mr. and Israeli war, and the deg-Begin's success in rallying the radation of Israeli society as it grows dependent on the manual Middle Eastern Jews against the work of a permanent "guest population."

Mr. Begin's opponents still hope he will be fatally weakened believe that not even a dramatic by the inquiry into his cabinet's responsibility for not averting the Beirut massacre. Many have endorsed Mr. Rcagan's hid for negotiations, hoping thus to evoke a catalytic response from King Hussein and leading West Bank Palestinians.

> Yet they despair, believing that even the morass of Lebanon and Egypt's growing hostility are unlikely to derail the Israeli gov-

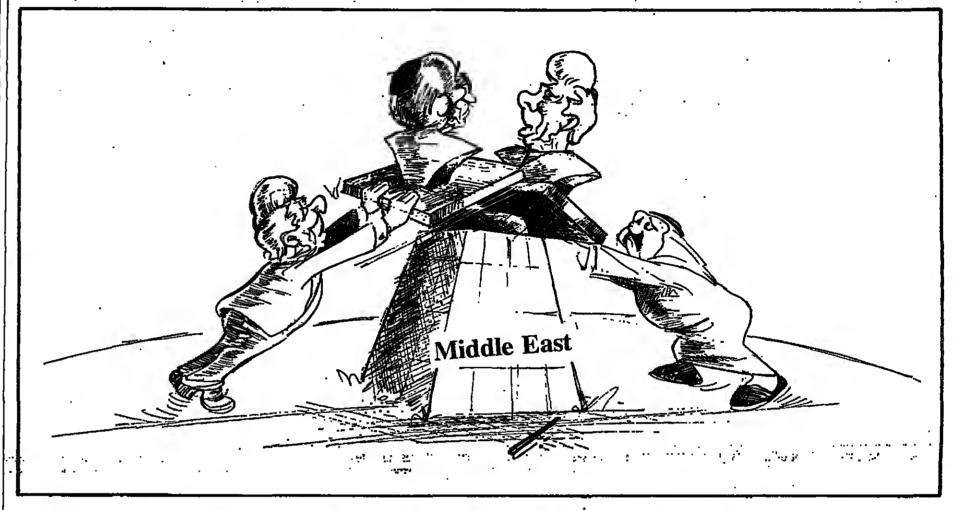
emment. The prime minister's critics attribute his great strength to his political skill, his capacity to evoke support -- if not affection -- at the White House and above all his use of American aid to fatten the. Israreli consumer in an overstretched economy. That is why

They contend that Americans fund Israel's external debt of \$26 billion. Of that, \$21 billion is owed by government that keeps printing money, indexes all transactions to an inflation rate exceeding 100 per cent and resists pressure of

austerity and import curbs. Mr. Begin will go on bribing the electorate, his critics say, until his West Bank ambition, underwritten by U.S. taxpayers, is

American diplomats in Israel resist this anguished counsel; they fear that Mr. Begin would exploit American coercion to rally still greater public support. But that so many prominent Israelis should be inviting bankruptcy to rescue their diplomacy is startling evidence of the fierce passions that now dominate politics in Jerusalem.

Max Frankel is the editorial page editor of The New York Times.



## Peace movement also in Hungary

By Jonathan Lynn Reuter

BUDAPEST - An independent peace movement is emerging in Communist Hungary, and its members say it has already established contact with pacifists in East Germaoy. The various groups appearing in Hungary resemble Western peace movements in their loose informal structure and belief that peace and disarmament should be an active concern of everyone and not left to governments.

But unlike Western peace movements, they cannot take to the streets to protest against aspects of the government's defence policy. Such overt demonstrations are not tolerated, even in Hungary's relatively liberal society.

The new Hungarian peace movement believes it must remain strictly legal in order to survive and grow, supporters say. But they believe that they have enough room within the law to spread an unbiased message of peace. "We

keep dissidents far away from our movement," one said.

At a private apartment in Budapest earlier this month, a dozen activists of the "peace group for dialogue". one of the largest new groups, met to describe their work and discuss some immediate problems. Talking through an interpreter, the 12 young people. predominantly students in their early twenties, said the peace group for dialogue had no formal structure or membership so the exact size of support was hard to guess. They said there were about 20-30 core members, while between 200 and 300 attended meetings and at least 600 people in Budapest were supporters.

#### **Growing support**

Support is still growing, both for them and other groups outside Budapest, they said. About half the memhers are students or recent graduates, and the rest are young workers or school students. Peace group members said they had translated papers on peace. such as "Berlin appeal" by East German pastor Rainer Eppelmann urging the dismantling of . nuclear weapons and the withdrawal of foreign troops from

both East and West Germany. They organised a lecture in Budapest in September by Bri- said. tain's most prominent peace campaigner, historian E.P. Thompson. The group has also produced a badge based on the three-pronged symbol of the British Campaign for Nuclear Disarmameni (CND).

The hadge is in the Hungarian colours of red, white and green munist Party. and shows two linked hands, symbolising dialogue, holding of flower. And in what may be the first link-up between pacifists in different East European countries. several members went to East Germany earlier this month to attend the "peace week" -- 10 days of discussions of pacifism under the motto "swords to ploughshares organised hy East Germany's protestant churches, for the West. But this would he despite official disapproval of pac- true only if peace was a special ifism.

One member. Ferenc Koeszegi. 25, said that the Hungarian peace movement must break down the mentality whereby both sides of the iron curtain see each other as enemies. Europeans must be reminded of their common culture, he

Mr. Koeszegi said the peace group's main aim was promoting dialogue. Firstly, in Eastern Europe or with official peace organisations, and lastly dialogue within Hungary between different peace groups and different polnical forces, such as the Com-

People here are not very aware of the dangers of nuclear weapons it's a hit abstract," members 'said," One of our main purposes is to enlighten people to the main dangers."

#### No propaganda

Peace group members said there was a risk some officials would charge them with working concern of the West, they said.

embraced the freeze as the most

effective way to arrest what they

They also denied that they would be manipulated by the authorities to impress Western pacifists. "We won't be used for propaganda because we are really independent. They would have to give us more publicity and they wouldn't be able to control us. members said.

.They said that they could envisage cooperation with the National Peace Council -- the government agency which as in other East-hloc countries coordinates official peace policy, calling for disarmament on the terms of the Warsaw Pact. "But that doesn't mean we'll become a part or a sub-organisation of it," they said.

Members of this young Hungarian peace movement agree that they have no direct impact on Warsaw Paci defence policies. But they are confident that they can educate the Hungarian public about the East-West conflict and go some way to reducing it. "The official point of view is that peace is a matter for the relevant authority ... and this is an attitude we have to fight." one member said.

## Calls for a nuclear arms freeze

By Tony Barber

UNITED NATIONS - Communist. Third World and neutral European countries are stepping up calls for a nuclear arms freeze. an idea that bas also gained support in the West. The Soviet Uoion, India, Mexico, Sweden and Ireland have each submitted proposals at the United Nations for a weapons freeze as a first step in curbing a worldwide arms race. The initiatives have won the backing of non-aligned countries, but have encountered a lukewarm reception from the United States and other members of the Western alliance.

Although varying in emphasis, each proposal urges the same central idea - a ban or "freeze" on the production and deployment of new nuclear weapons and vehicles to deliver them. The Indian and Soviet plans are designed to apply to all nuclear-weapon powers, while Irish and Mexican-Swedish proposals call only for a joint U.S.-Soviet freeze. The proposals have been submitted in the U.N.'s annual disarmament debate.

U.N. officials say at least one will be adopted when the General Assembly's main political committee votes on them. probably next month. But it will have no binding effect. The U.S. and NATO allies oppose a freeze largely on the grounds that it would rease now in order to leave Moscow with advantages in both medium-range and landbased intercontinental ballistic missiles.

arms control talks if possible, or by U.S. nuclear force modernisation dismiss this argument. Maj. Britt Theorin, chairman of the Swedish Disarmament Commission, told the U.N.: "There is a rough nuclear parity which is sufficiently stable and survivable to render unnecessary, and even meaningless, further attempts to mod- armament campaigners have ernise and develop new categories of nuclear weapons.

"We cannot see the logic or sense of arguments which sav in effect we must increduce later"

Noel Dorr of Ireland, pressing a The Reagan administration says call for a U.S.-Soviet freeze lasting it prefers to erase Moscow's per- initially for two years. said: "We 'ceived nuclear supriority through cannot see the logic or sense of arguments which say in effect. 'we must increase now in order to rednecessary. Freeze proponents uce later." "If this is accepted, there will never be an end to the competition.

> U.N. officials say the proposals reflect growing interest in an idea highlighted at a U.N. session on disarmament in June. Since June. American and European dis-

see as potentially disastrous military competition between the U.S. and the Soviet Union. Referendums During mid-term U.S. congressional elections this month. nine states held referendums in

which voters were asked to cast ballots for or against a U.S.-Soviet freeze on the testing, production and deployment of nuclear weapons. California, Massachusetts. Michigan. Montana. New Jersey. North Dakota. Oregon and Rhode Island all voted for the freeze. Only Arizona said no. Senator Edward Kennedy of

Massachusetts, widely expected to seek the Democratic Party's nomination for the 1984 presidential elections, has also endorsed the

The Soviet freeze proposal calls on all nuclear-weapon states to 'agree on a simultaceous suspension of the production and development of nuclear weapons and their delivery vehicles, and also of the production of fissionable materials for the purposes of manufacturing various types of nuclear weapons."

NATO powers say the Soviet plan, like other freeze calls, does not provide effective mechanisms to ensure compliance. "Not heing verifiable, they do not contribute to creating the conditions of stability we all seek." Canadian del-

egate Alan Beesley told the U.N. A U.S. delegate, John Lodge, said: "What are urgently needed are negotiated agreements for reductions and increased stability. not a hopeless effort to lock in a dangerous and unacceptable status quo. American proposals tabled in U.S.-Soviet arms talks in Geneva offered the best chance for arms control, he said.

The U.S. has called for a total halt to the deployment of major medium-range missile systems in Europe and a one-third cut in intercontinental strategic warheads.

boli in lital

# Bombs, billionaires, belly dancers — and improving the image



The following interview with Dr. lack Shaheen was conducted in Amman recently at the end of Dr. Shaheen's year in Jordan as a Fulbright fellow. Dr. Shaheen is professor of mass communications at Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville, Illinois. A shorter version of this interview appeared in last month's issue of The Middle East magazine, London.

#### Interview by Rami G. Khouri

J.T.: Having researched and written your book on the image of the Arab on American television. could you tell us about the magnitude and nature of the problem?

J.S.: The book focuses on the image of Arabs in American commercial and public television in the United States, but the problem exists in everything from comic books, to what I'd call sophisticated literature available in universities, popular works of fiction, games for children, comic strips and many other media. It's an all-pervasive stereotype. With television programmes, which come and go, you don't sit and think about what you're looking at. You see an image, the image affects you, you get upset, and it disappears, so you don't really sit down and analyse that,

But over a period of time, particularly from the mid-1970s until today, which is the period of my research, you would find about every other week at least one television programme with a negative image of some sort. It may be subtle. It may be an entire programme devoted to Arabs running a slave trade, taking young American girls and forcing them to go to Arabia, and branding them and things of this sort, which are, of course, utterly ridiculous.

All of these images kept piling up. So I said, alright, these are the images, and I categorised them to find out what kinds of images we have. The title of the book sums it up. Billionaires — denoting rich Arab oil countries and oil sheikhs; bombs - the image attached to Palestinians, and belly dancers referring to women. So in a sense, title of Bullonaires, Bombs and Belly Dancers sums up the main images we have on television.

But who's responsible for this imagery, and why? Those are the real questions. The first step was to document the Arab image on television. The second step was to find out who was doing it, and

Arabs on television are the same

ones that appear in other American media

J.S.: Yes, the same images appear across the board. The only exceptions I would point out would be television doeumentaries on the Middle East and quality reporting in some major newspapers and magazines. The stereotype does not exist to the same extent there as it does in popular culture.

J.T.: Are these exceptions a relatively new development?

J.S.: I would say it started with the visit of President Sadat to Jerusalem, or if it started before that it became much more obvious after the visit. When Sadat visited Jerusalem, the Americans for the first time saw what to them seemed to be an Arab leader wanting peace with Israel. There are many, many other Arabs who also want peace, but we in the United States have not seen these images, or they have had very little unpact on

Also, I think a print journalist is on the spot, he's on the scene, and knows the people and the culture of the area. He knows the true situation, and is much more able to project a balanced image, while an American television producer living in Los Angeles in a pseudo-environment has no contact with the area or the people of the Middle East, and I think it's the same with other media.

J.T.: What did you discover when you tried to find out why this bad image of the Arabs is prevalent on American television?

J.S.: This was the most interesting part of the project. I went directly to people who produced the shows, the writers and the producers. It was probably the most difficult thing I've ever done in my life. About one-third of the people I met were very bostile. I felt like a black facing members of the Ku Klux Klan, saying "hey, we're not all bad'. Another onethird were sort of luke warm about the situation. The remaining third were concerned, upset and wanting to bring about some change. I.T.: These were mainly people employed by the national tel-

evision networks? J.S.: No, mainly I dealt with independent writers and producers who produced these shows for the networks, and then I went directly to the networks themselves. Each network has what is called a Broadcast Standards and Practices Division, whose responsibility includes watching out for things like profanity. They're like benevolent censors. They see to it that you do not stereotype any ethnic group or use excessive profanity or oudity.

I spoke to them about the problem. For a while, I felt like a ping-pong ball between the networks and the independent producers and writers. Each would say it was the fault of the other, but ponsibility.

J.T.: The shows made by the independent producers cannot be controlled by the networks?

J.S.: Not very much, because once a series gets underway, the networks can't do very much about it, nor can they tell the producers and writers what to do or hy. what not to do. I think they pro-bably could do more. If the networks told the producers that if ups, and now they're picking on

they made a show only with Arab heavies and bad guys, or only Jewish bad guys, that the networks would not buy the show, then I think the situation would change rather quickly, and we would have less of the negative and positive stereotyping that exists today.

J.T.: Can you give us some specific examples?

J.S.: The most destructive and most prevalent image is the Arab as slave trader. This has occurred in shows such as Policewoman, Charlie's Angels and Vegas. Other programmes dwell on the theme of Arab wealth. Still others portray the Palestinians simply as terrorists, such as in the programme Cannon, which was very popular in the mid-seventies. The

Israelis, of course, were always

The producer who made these

programmes said that television

shows should not carry political

messages, and yet he produced

these kinds of programmes that

are anti-Palestinian and sym-

pathetic to Israel. It's the same old

story of the Palestinians being the

Indians and the Israelis being the

J.T.: Why do you think this is

-J.S.: First of all, I think the fault

lies partly within ourselves as

American-Arabs. We can't expect

people to change themselves.

Prior to my efforts, nobody had

gone to Los Angeles and New

York to talk with the people who

make the television shows. Ini-

tially, a stereotype is always acc-

epted unless someone challenges

it. The first time it's challenged,

case with all minority and ethnic

I think the main problem is sim-

ply Ignorance. I think there are

some people who really hate

Arabs, who will go out of their way

to depict Arabs as sinister people

in every way possible. They're the

bigots, the same bigots who picked

on the blacks and the American

Indians and other minority gro-

groups in America.

portrayed as the good guys.

the Arabs. But for most other people, the problem is ignorance. Almost everyone I spoke with said Iranians were Arabs. That's at the network level; I'm speaking about people with at least one or two college degrees.

J.T.: Were there any positive Arab images?

J.S.: A few. But whenever there was a positive Arab image there was always a negative one with it. I did not find a single programme where you just had positive Arab images. It's related to politics. The political situation today describes the Arabs as oil-rich, moderate or radical. Never friendly.

You can say the same thing about the image of Arabs on television programmes, except that

Rich Arah countries and oil sheikhs constitute the U.S. media stereotype

you don't even have any moderate

Arabs on TV. It's either oil-rich or

sonably accurate portrayals of

Arabs, but the overwhelming

majority are very negative. And

these programmes that were done

in the mid-seventies keep popping.

up, because America is the largest

exporter of television pro-

grammes in the world. So these

people in the United States, but

broughout the world. People fol-

J.T.: Have you seen any cha-

J.S.: I think there's been a little

change in the overall trend. It's

become a little more subtle now;

the Arab heavies and bad guys are

not quite as sinister as they were a

few years ago. The television net-

very receptive and very much con-

cerned about the situation, and

were men and women of integrity

almost across the board. Whereas

most of the independent pro-

ducers and writers, whom I would

consider the number one off-

enders, would not meet with me.

Some of the most bostile anti-

see me and talk about what they

nges in this problem since the

early 1970s?

were doing.

low what we do in the United Sta-

messages are not only affecting

radical. There are a few rea-

J.T.: Could you mention some of them by name?

J.S.: Well, Spelling/Goldberg Productions, for example; they produce Charlie's Angeles, Vegas and Hart to Hart. Glen Larson is another, he's responsible for Buck Rogers, The Six Million Dollar Man, Bionic Woman, Howard Koch produced the four-hour television special The Pirate. These are all independent producers. I would say Aaron Spelling/ Leonard Goldberg and Glen Larson are the worst offenders in this respect. I'd say that over two out of three of these independent producers refused to talk to me.

But some other people, for instance some of the writers, were shocked to learn of what they had

been doing and some even started

working to correct the situation.

One Jewish writer named Jack

Guss, the story editor for Trapper

John, M.D., was so concerned that

he arranged for a group of his col-

leagues to meet with me in his

bome and for us to share together

what I had done. The writers who

write something positive, help me.

I don't know anything about

Arabs and the Arab World, or

what's going on over there. I can't

write about what I don't know."

stereotyping of Arabs compare with that of other ethnic groups in

J.S.: There is some stereotyping

of other groups, but I think there's

a major difference. I don't think

there are people who have a chip

on their shoulder against other

ethnic groups as they do against

pro-Israeli feelings, and politics

obviously enters into the situation.

Whether intentionally or uni-

ntentionally, the Arab stereotype

emerges from those pro-Israeli

feelings. I think that's the main

J.T.: Could you identify any

direct links between the people

. grammes and pro-Israeli groups in

the United States?

difference.

the United States?

Arab producers simply refused to responsible for television pro-

J.T.: How does the negative

J.S.: No. The only observation I have in this respect is that the majority of people I dealt with were Jewish-Americans. I'd say about two out of three were Jewish. But this would also be the case we were looking at any other ethnic group's image in the media, because Jewish writers and producers tend to predominate in the United States. Ben Stein, a Jewish writer, wrote a book called the View From Sunset Boulevard, and he states emphatically that a large proportion of Jewish Americans are writing and producing television programmes. One of the producers told me, you don't basically see any had Jews on television and the reason for that is the Jewish-American presence. If there were more Arab-Americans writing and producing programmes, you wouldn't have the Arab stereotype. But among the Jewish writers and producers, you have this curve of opinion, from

help, they won't be able to eradicate the image on their own. J.T.: How much is being done in the United States to combat this

those who are very hostile to those

who want to erase this Arah ste-

recrype. But unless they get some

problem? J.S.: Not very much. Nobody is doing the kind of basic research required to deal with the problem. The anti-Arab imagery is so pervasive, in all media, that I have a goal of establishing a research institute to document what I consider to be racist literature that has come out over the years, and then to take positive action to eliminate all of this. I'd rather stop it before it occurs rather than just react to it after the fact. But in order to do this you need to have the documentation. This is what's essential now.

J.T.: Has this been done by other minority groups in the

J.S.: Minority groups have had an impact already and they act as a pressure group, as one unit. This is why it's difficult to find racist literature against other ethnic groups. You can find it, but not to the extent that you have it against Arabs.

J.T.: How would you suggest the situation be improved?

J.S.: The first thing I'd do, in the case of television, is to expose were concerned told me: "If I'm to as many of the producers and writers as possible to the area. I'd immediately have a conference where they could meet with Arab for the first time in their lives. The second step I'd propose is establishing two Arab cultural centres in the United States, on the east and west coasts. These centres would reflect the many different aspects of Arab culture. They would include libraries that could be referred to buy people needing accurate information about the Arabs. There could be restaurants, and this is important has no name in the United States. It's called pitta bread, which is a Greek word. Anything Arab doesn't exist. Arab is a dirty word, in a sense. If something positive from the Arab World comes to the United States, it's Lebanese, or Egyptian or Moroccan. But it's never Arab. That's a very subtle point, but it's very important.

J.T.: Do you feel most Arab-Americans are interested in this kind of effort, or do the standing forget their Arab ances are

J.S.: Most Arab-Americans. like myself before I visited Lebanon in 1974, had few ties to the Arab World and were not fully aware of what was happening in terms of anti-Arab stereotyping on American television. The only time it affects them is when they themselves or their children feel they are being discriminated against. I think there's a tremendous opportunity to involve Arab-Americans, provided you make them aware. They know that som-. ething is wrong on television and in the literature. But they're not sure what and they're not sure exactly what to do about it. I would say that since 1975,

there have been between 50 and

80 works of fiction every year that characterise Arabs in so many different negative ways. It's unbelievable. The book publishing industry, to me, perhaps more than television, is guilty of out and out racism. Many of these books have been written by Israelis and in some cases by Israelis who bave worked for Israeli military intelligence under a different name. You don't find an Arab hero in any work of fiction. It's worse than television. A Time magazine writer said in 1974-75 that the book publishing industry was really making a nuck by exploiting the Arabs. If they were making a buck seven years ago, they're making much more than that today, because it basn't stopped. If anything, it's increased.

You have several themes there. You have the oil money that's going to take over the world. You've got the Palestinian terrorists against American interests and out to destroy the world. And the heroes are the Americans. with the Israelis. There's usually a seductive, intelligent Israeli woman working with the Americans or with someone from the West. The Arabs are usually wor-



king with the Germans or the Russians. It's such a formula, and it appears over and over again, even in books that have made book of the month clubs. I'd say about very four months one of these books will be a book of the month club selection. I started to document this and I have documentation on close to 100 books, but I couldn't finish the job on my

to read in Significan you're attained to a There's 2 new conserved. ler called The Conit's unbelievable. Prin such a pri-Iliant writer, Amble: The look is about an oil-rich steeka who wants to conduct nerve gas expcriments on human beings and he also has an atomic fallout shelter in Austria in some kind of mine. It would take me months to come up

with a villain to match this one. I think there is more muliciousness in the book publishing industry than there is in television. where ignorance is the main problem. Their track record speaks for itself. What they've done indicates where they are. The publishers might say that they've never received books with Arab heroes, but I wonder. I really wonder. If they had a book that portrayed the Israelis in such maiicious, racist terms as the Arabs are portrayed, would they really publish it and give it wide distribution and publicity?

There has to be a strategy to deat with all this. Some Arabs and concerned Americans have to sit down and look at this problem seriously and try to curtail it, to put together a plan of action and then implement it. There are many Americans, including Jewish Americans and other concerned people, who are against what is taking place and would be prepared to become involved if there was a clear plan of action to stop this anti-Arah racism. Otherwise it will continue.

J.T.: What projects do you have now that your book is completed? J.S.: I hope, perhaps soon, to try to establish that research centre to document all the racist images, which is quite an undertaking. Otherwise I expect to continue may teaching and research, while trying to document more of the anti-Arab stereotyping and personally confront the people responsible for it. Perhaps I'll start dealing with the book publishers or the publishers of comic books for children, or editorial cartoonists.

This is not an easy task, because you find initially there is a tremendous amount of resentment. What I'd like to do is simply to bring about an awareness among people who are in positions where they can change things. I would start the change with children's books, and also with television shows for children. I'd start with anything that a child gets its hands on, and work up from there.

J.T.: It seems that the Arabs are about the last ethnic group in America against whom it's allowed to practice racism.

J.S.: That's correct. Arabs are the last villain. Or, as one producer called them, they're the lust barbarians. I'm not saying that we can eliminate all stereotyping of Arabs. All I'm saying is that if you give me bad Arabs, give me some good Arabs as well. Give me some bad Jews or bad Israelis along with the heroes. In other words, apply the same standards to Arabs that you apply to Israelis or Jews. Be fair. Be balanced. We've identified the problem, and now it's about time we did something about it. Let's document the problem, and with our documentation let's go and do our work.

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#### TV & RADIO

#### JORDAN TELEVISION MAIN CHANNEL

**06:15** 

87:30

98:30 99:00

	A Lie Faring
10:30	Arabic Series
09:35	nterview on the Apollo Space
Program	me
10-15	Arabic Play
11:00	News in Arabic
FORE	GN CHANNEL
05.00	
necna	News in French
97-B6	Name in Econoli

Saturday Variety Show News in En

. Cornedy

Cartoors

. Agricultural Progra

... Local Programme

#### RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz AM & 99 MHz FM

			-
•	97:10	-	Morning Show
	10:60	44-4	News Summary
	12:00		News Summary
	14:00		Pop Session News Belletin
	14:30		Picnic Time
	15:00		Concert Hour
:	16:65		Instrumentals
	17:00		Jordan Weekly
	18:00	-121	Special Feature News Summary
•	18:05		Special Feature Great Books of Islam
	19:00		
	19:30		Top Twenty
•	21:60		Date with a Star News Summary
	21:05	· .	Classical Concett
7	22:55 22:60		News Summary First Soin
	23:00		News Summary
•	25:45 24:00		News Summary Country Music ews Headlines, Sign Off
		Mary Mary	Ann amendment raffer and

#### **BBC WORLD SERVICE**

## 639, 720, 1413 KHz

06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Before the Rock Set in 06:45 Financial News 6:55 Reflections \$7:00 World News \$7:09 British Press Review \$7:15 About Britain \$7:30 New Ideas 07:40 Book Choice 07:45 The World Today 92:00 Newsdesk 98:30 Album Time 09:00 World News 69:09 News about Britain 09:15 From oscip News about Britain 09:15 From the Weeklies 09:30 Classical Record Review 09:45 Network U.K. 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Star Profile 10:30 The Good Show 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review 11: 15 The World Today 11:39 Financial News 11:40 Look Ahead 11:45 Science in Action 12:15 What's New 12:39 Just a Minute 13:00 World News 13:09 News About Britain 13:15 About Britain 13:30 Meridian 14:00 Radio Newsreel 13:20 Meridian 14:00 Radio Newsreel
14:15 Anything Goes 14:45 Sports
Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09
Commentury 15:15 Network U.K. 15:30
Tremor 16:00 They Write the Songs
16:30 Fiesta 17:00 Radio Newsreel
17:15 Saturday Special 13:00 World
News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Saturday Special 19:00 News Summary
19:02 Saturday Special 19:09 Book Choies 19:15 The Magic of... 19:45 Sports
Round-Un 28:00 World News 28:09 Round-Up 28:00 World News 28:09 News About Britain 28:15 Radio Newsreel 29:30 Beecham 21:30 Album Time 22:00 World News 22:09 Commentary 22:15 Good Books 22:30 Elisabeth Soc erstrom 23:15 Sagirtarius Rising 23:30 People and Politics 24:00 World News 24:09 From Our Own Correspondent 00:30 New Ideas 60:40 Reflections 90:45

Sports Round-up #1:00 World News

01:09 Commentary 01:15 Letterbox

01:30 Meridian

**VOICE OF AMERICA** 05:00 The Breakfast Show: 17:00 News and This Week 17:30 Press Conference USA 18:00 Special English; News, Words, and Their Stories, Feature: Short Stories 18:30 New York, New York 19:00 Weekend 29:00 Special English 26:30 New York, New York 21:00 News and This Week 21:30 Press Conference USA 22:00 Special English; news/words and their stories 22:15 Music USA (Jazz) 23:99 Weekend

#### WHAT'S GOING ON TODAY'S EVENTS

FILMS Les Etoiles de Midi, film oo mou-otaineering, at the French Cultural Cen-tre at 7:30 p.m.

**EXHIBITIONS** 

Portraits of Famous Men, at the French Cultural Centre.

**CULTURAL CENTRES** 

American Centre tel. 41520
British Council
French Cultural Centre 37009
Goethe Institute 41993
Soviet Cultural Centre 44203
Spanish Cultural Centre 24040
Turkish Cultural Contro 39777
Haya Arts Centre 665195
Hussein Youth City 667181
Y.W.C.A 41793
Y.W.M.A 664251
Amman Municipal Library 36111
Amman Municipal Library 36111 University of Jordan Library 84355

4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countrieand a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntarah, Jabai

Der Wolf und die Sieben Geisslein, film for German-speaking children between 6-12 years, at the Goethe Institute at 4:30 p.m.

\* Ecology in Action, at the French Cul-tural Coutre.

#### MUSEUMS -

tumes over 100 years old. Also mossies from Madabe and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening bours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-mund. Tel. 51760. Jordan Archãoelogical Mosenna: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan, Jahal Al Qal's (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m.

Laweibash Arays, Mulazza, Jaba Laweibash, Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3,30 p.m. 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 30128. Military Masseus: Collection of military

## memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening bours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Seturdays. Tel. 664240. Popular Life of Jordan Maseum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 37169.

#### SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amusen Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Lious Philadelphia Chab. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Paladelphia Rotary Clab. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. Estary Class. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Horel, 2.00 p.m.

## Powel Automobile Chab. Jabai Ar

CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Answeriation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luwelb-ch, 37440. Campus; Janus Lawetteen, 374-10.

De in Saile Church (Roman Catholic)

Jabal Hussein, 661757.

Charch of the Annunciation (Greek

Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Clerch (Church of the Red-cemer) Jabel Amman, 43453. see Catholic Charch Ashrafich, 71331. on Orthodox Church Ashrafich,

#### PRAYER TIMES

St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashratich, 71751. Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

75261.

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6: <i>14</i>	(Sunrise) Shuruq
1:23	Dhuh
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0:JZ 7:E7	Maghrel

#### FOR THE TRAVELLER **AMMAN AIRPORT**

This information is supplied by Alia information department at Amman Airport, sel. 92205-6, where it should alw-

Cairo (EA)

Aba Dhobi (RI)

#### ARRIVALS

19-15	Belgian franc 72.94 73.3 Dutch guilder 1306 130.8 Egyptian guinea 379.27 342.7 French franc 50.37 50.6 Iraqi dinar 50.67 634.2 Italian lire (for 100) 24.77 24.9 Japanese yen Ifor 100) 142.77 143.6 Kuwaiti dinar 1223.66 1224 Lebanese lira 88.97 89.7 Omani riyal 10417 1046 Ontari riyal 99.17 99.7 Saudi riyal 99.17 99.7 Saudi riyal 99.17 105.27 105.4 Swedish crown 47.97 48.2 Swiss franc 165.17 166.1 Syrian lira 62.97 63.6 UAE dirham 98.57 98.9 U.K. sterling pound 573.47 576.8 U.S. dollar 3617 363
90:30 Cairo (EA)	WEATHER
60:45 Baghdad (RJ) 51:45 Cairo (EA)	Bulletin supplied by the Department of
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#### DEPARTURES

04:45	Cairo (RJ1
06:06	Laroaca, Frankfurt (LH)
87:00	Agaba (RJ1
07-45	Beirus, Paris (AF)
87-80	mountain Detail Lang (AL)
07:50	
88.45	
11:90	- Vienna, New York (RJ)
13:15	Tunis, Casablanca (RJ)
	Athens (GA)
11:55	Athens, Zurich (SR)
17-00	Paris, Loodon (RJ)
17-04	
12-00	Frankfurt, Brussels (RJ)
12.00	Cairo (RI)
12:00	Cairo (RJ)
17:30	Kuwaii (KAC)
18:30	Baghdad (RJ)
18:45	Beirut (RJ)

#### 20:15 .. Abu Dhabi, Dubai (RJ) ...... Baghdad [[R]

MONEY EXCHANGE

01:15

..... Bahrain, Abu Dhabi (GA)

.....Jeddah (RJ)

Local sellibuy rate.	s in fils
Belgian franc	73.3
Dutch guilder 130	130.8
Egyptian guinea 339.2/	342.7
French franc	50.6
Iragi dipar 626.7/	634.2
Italian lire (for 100) 24.7/	24.9
Japanese yen ( for 100) 142.7/	143.6
Kuwaiti dinar 1223.6	t 224
Lebanese lira	89.7
Omani riyal 1041/	1046
Qatari riyal	99.7
Saudi riyal 105.2/	105.4
Swedish crown 47.9/	48
Swiss franc 165.1/	166.1
Syrian lira 62.9/	63.6

#### VEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be partly cloudy, with chances of scattered showers. Winds will be light and variable changing to northwesterly moderate. In Aquba, it will be partly cloudy. Winds will be northerly moderate and seas calm.

Lowl	high temperature in
Ammen	
Agaba	
Deserts	
lordan Valle	ÿ

Yesterday's bigh temperatores: Amman 12, Aqaba 21. Humidity readings: Amman 80 per cent. Agaba 53

#### USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

Al Salam pharmacy

Fayez pharmacy ......Al Sabeb pharmacy ......

ZARQA

IRBID

Oaher jaxi

Dr. Hisham Sharabati [Al Jabal Al

GENERAL

Jordan Television ...... 73111

Hotel complaints 666412

lordan and Middle East calls ...... 10 

Repair service .....

Al Arabiyeh Al Kubrah phai

#### EMERGENCIES Dr. Sa'id Muhammad Sa'd (Al Wab

THE PARTY OF THE	
Ambulance	193, 7511
Firstaid, fire, police	199
Blood bank	
Civil Defence rescue	
Fire beadquarters	
Police rescue 192, 21	
Police headquarters	
Traffic police	
Electric Power Co	
Municipal water service	

#### HOSPITALS

Hussem Medical Centre 813813
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 4428
Akleh Maternity, J. Amman 42-
Jahai Amman Maternity 42.
Maihas, J. Amman
Palestine Shmeisani 66417
Shmeisani Hospital 60913
University Hospital 8420
Dar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein 667
Al-Musher Hospital 66722
The Islamic, Abdali 605.
Al-Ahli, Abdali 664
Italian, Al-Muhajreen 7710
Al-aashir, J. Ashrafieh 75
Army, Marka 910
NIGHT DUTY

#### Dr. Musa Ahmad Bashir ....... 38356

#### MARKET PRICES

Hannellanen mien in Elemento	
Upper/lower price in fils per kg.	Grapes 520 / 480
Apple (African) 240 / 200	Grapes (black)
pple (American) 240 / 200	Grapefruit
pple   Double Red1 280 / 200	Guava 2411 * 2110
pple (Golden) 280 / 220	Lemon (local) 1901 St
pple (Turkish)	Marrow (large)
pple (French)270 / 250	Marrow (small) 250 '209
pple (Starken)	Olives
anana	Onion (dry)
anana (Mukammar) 225 / 180	Onion (green)
leans	
lects 180 / 150	Oranges250 - 218
lometi 200 / 170	Oranges (Mandarine) 220 (2)
abbage 120 / 100	Oranges (shamouti) 15(1/1
arrot	Okra
auliflower (white1 180 / 160	Pepper (Sweet) 250 : 21-1
hesimus	Pepper (Hot Green1 300 / 250
Coconut 450 / 450	Polatoes
	Sage500 500
ucumber (large) 180 : 160	Calculation 100 cm.
Ocumber (small)240 / 200	Spinach 180
Dates 200 / 160	Quince141 [24
ggplant (sms/l) 180 / 140	Tomatoes
artic 500 / 400	Turnip
	-

## e de la laction de laction de la laction de laction de la laction de la laction de laction de la laction de erupt into fast action

IEW DELHI (R) - Asia's top ultiletes shattered records galore n near-perfect conditions as the san Games erupted into fast acton here Friday.

Japan cracked the pace with new Games records in the men's 10 metres hurdles, the 1,000 netre cycling sprint and the men's (X) metres swimming backstroke. Sut national pride again flew igh for hosts India as they colected their third gold medal in sack and field thanks to a stirring

ten's 80tt metres win by Charles Forromio. He clipped 0.79 secinds off the previous record to strde home well clear of South Corea's Bog Ju Kim in one minute 16.81 seconds. North Korea's Yong Aeshang in a beautifully paced race in the

omen's 800 metres to set a new cord of two minutes 5.69 secnds, just pipping India's Gita utshi for the gold. The old record £2:06.5 was set by Israel's Khana heziff in 1970

in the men's 110 metres hurdles aals, Japan's Yoshifuni Fujnori, silver medallist at the last lames in Bangkok four years ago, effected the gold with another , evil record.

He breasted the tape well ahead Shensheng Zhang of China in 4,09 seconds despite knocking in third from last hurdle. The old cond of 14.26 seconds was set by

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Tsui Lin Ni of China in 1974. China's sprinters showed their power in the men's 4x100 metres track final beating Thailand, winners of this event at the last three Games, into second place, Japan

took the bronze. The Chinese time of 39.82 seconds beat the old record of 40.14 set by Thailand at the 1974 Teh-

Japan collected two more gold medals at the cycling velodrome, continuing their domination of the event.

Tsutomo Sakamoto won the gold in the 1.000 metre sprint beating compatriot Katsuo Nakalake into second place. Sakamoto set a new record of 11.32 seconds during the event.

In the 30 km point race, Japan won both gold and silver. First and South Korea with seven each.

place went to Akira Bando and second to Matsuyoshi Takahashi. Edgardo Pagarigan of the Philippines took the bronze.

Japan also continued their supremacy in the swimming events. lining up for another string of golds as they led the qualifiers in heats for Saturday's 100 metre backstroke and freestyle relay fin-

Hidetoshi Takahashi, a 20year-old student from Tokyo, won his 100 metres backstroke heat in games record time of J minute 0.26 seconds, clipping 0.5 seconds off the previous best.

In the overall Games gold tally. China stayed in front with 39 to Japan's 32 medals, well ahead of North Korea with eight and India

# record 4th RAC rally win

YORK, England (R) — Hannu seconds behind Mouton.

Mikkola of Finland completed a Mikkola's effon gave A seemingly effortless record fourth win in the Royal Automobile Club (RAC) British motor rally Thu-

Mikkola, 40, driving an Audi Quattro which ran trouble-free throughout the five-day 2,900 km event, held such a commanding lead that he wisely eased up over the closing timed stages in Yorkshire early Thursday. Frenchwoman Michele Mouton

underlined her class in the male dominated sport by finishing second in another Audi Quattro, over four minutes adrift of her team

Finn Henri Toivonen, who interrupted Mikkola's run of victories two years ago, was third in an Opel Ascona 400, just nine

Mikkola's effon gave Audi the World Manufacturers' title-only Opel could have stopped them on this final round of the championship season--and made amends for a year of misfortunes which cost him his chance of lifting the World Drivers' crown.

Mikkola has now finished first four times--and second twice in the forest test since 1977. Last year's triumph was also behind the wheel of the turbocharged fourwheel drive Quattro.

Mikkola said: "This fourth win is something special. Nobody has won four times before and I have done it in three different cars. Toyota, Ford Escort and twice in the Audi. I was lucky though, bec-

ause I had only one puncture."
Mouton said: "I was happy to finish second on my second RAC

Mikkola was fastest on 27 of the 69 stages while 30-year-old Mouton, second behind West Germany Walter Rohrl in the World Drivers' Championship decided in the Ivory Coast last month, was quickest on seven of the last 11.

Markku Alen, the third Finn in the top four, was the only driver able to interrupt his compatriot's supremacy. He led for 11 stages on Sunday night before dropping back when the engine of his Lancia Rally developed timing problems. He finished almost 10 minutes adrift.

## Finland's Mikkola scores | City, Forest to clash in English League

LONDON (R) - Manchester City and Nottingham Forest, two soccer teams who have slipped past each other in the English first division like ships in the night. clash head-on Saturday.

City, who earlier this month. climbed into second place in the table behind Liverpool, bave since slumped to seventh and tumbled out of the League Cup in midweek, soaking up a 4-0 thrashing at Southampton in pouring rain.

But while City have slid down. Foresi have crept up, exchanging their seventb place at the end of October for third this week with a string of impressive results.

The Forest side, rebuilt by manager Brian Clough since the club's last European Cup triumph in 1980, have dropped just four of their last 18 points in a six-match

Clough is awaiting fitness tests on defenders Colin Todd and Kenny Swain before naming his side. Todd is expected to be fit but he will not have to face club-mate Justin Fashanu, who turned down a move on loan to City Thursday.

City manager John Bond, with only 13 fully-fit first team players. felt able to offer the black England under-21 striker the first division place Clough has denied him.

City, beaten 1-0 at Ipswich and held to a goalless draw by Bottom Club Birmingham in their last two League matches, will want to stop the rot and end November on a winning note.

But with Asa Hanford and Denis Tueart being treated for injuries. Bond may have to wait until next month for his next win.

Second-placed Warford include two former Arsenal stalwarts, Pat Rice and Wilf Rostron, in their team to face the north London club. Striker Ross Jenkins also returns in place of teenager Jim Gilligan, injured at Brighton last

But Arsenal have England striker Tony Woodcock and Eire defender David O'Leary doubtful along with Steward Robson.

Manchester United boss Ron Atkinson is expected to recall-17-year-old Northern Ireland striker Norman Whiteside for the visit of Norwich. Whiteside was dropped in favour of Lou Macari for the League Cup clash with

Bradford in midweek. And West Ham will have their England midfielder Alan Devonshire back to face Everton. Devonshire was ruled out of England's 3-0 European Championship win over Greece with a hamstring pull.

## World Union of Karate bans S. Africa

TAIPEL (R) — Directors of the World Union of Karate organisations have voted to bar South Africa from taking part in the Sixth World Championships which opened Friday in Taichung.

central Taiwan. The directors' meeting Thursday voted 19-17 against South African participation.

But an official of the organising committee said there would be a friendly competition between South African and Taiwanese karate teams after the championships end on Sunday.

More than 300 competitors from 37 countries are taking part in the championships. France's ream of 60, backed by 30 officials.

is the largest in contention. Women's events were to be

Monday.

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completed at Taichung Friday evening while the men's matches were due to continue in Taipei Salurday.

Directors of the World Union re-elected Jacques Delcourt of France as chairman and Ryoichi Sasakawa of Japan as president.

They also decided that the Seventh World Championships would be held in the Netherlands in

**EGYPT** 

ORIENT EXPRESS, King Hussein Street, Tel. 39050, Amman.

#### Holmes defends title against Cobb since he stopped previously unb-In April he stopped compatriot

HOUSTON (R) -- Larry Holmes World Boxing Council hea- eaten Gerry Cooney in the 13th vyweight title defence against round in Las Vegas in June. Randy (Tex) Cobb Friday night has all the earmarks of a mismatch--a consummate boxer to boxing in a final title defence facing a brawler.

Holmes is undefeated in 40 professional fights, while Cobb has won 20 out of 22 bouts, mainly against undistinguished opp-

The scheduled 15-round bout at the Houston Astrodome will be 33-year-old Holmes' first fight had only one fight in the last year, champion Ken Norton.

It may also be the champion's last bout before he bids a farewell

next summer. Holmes is reponed to have been guaranteed \$1.5 million for

the fight, approximately double what Cobb will receive in what will be his biggest payday.

Cobb, a 26-year-old Texan now living in Philadelphia, is ranked fifth by the WBC, although he has

Jeff Shelburg in the seventh round.

Lası year Cobb, a former kick fighter and College Football player, won two of three fights, stopping Harry Terrell, another American, in the fifth round and outpointing Bernardo Mercado of Colombia

In his two previous bouts Cobb was beaten on points over 10 ronnds by undefeated Michael Dokes and four months earlier lost a close 10-rounder to former WBC

## Australia takes upper hand against England on 1st day of second test

BRISBANE (R) — Australia, with their reshaped artack rising to the occasion under the inspiration of Geoff Lawson, seized the mitiative in the second cricket test against England Friday.

Fast bowler Lawson grabbed five for 47, including two wickets with consecutive deliveries, as England slumped to 219 for nine before bad light ended play 64 minutes early on the opening day.

Australia, without key fast bowlers Dennis Lillee after a knee operation and Terry Alderman through injury, took the upper hand against an England side who contributed to their downfall with indifferent strokes.

South African-born Allan

Lamb, top scorer with 72, and Ian Botham, who struck a characteristically vigorous 40, pro-vided the major resistance after England were put in on a wellgrassed and moist pitch. Test debutant Carl Rackemann.

called up with Jeff Thomson to solve the fast bowling problems. and off spinner Bruce Yardley each took two wickets, while wicketkeeper Rodney Marsh held two brilliant catches.

make a later change when opener wicket in 67 minutes. Geoff Cook suffered a hairline rib Australia struck back by fracture during practice Thursday.

The touring team's problems were swiftly compounded when out-of-form Graeme Fowler, drafted in to replace Cook, and fellow opener Chris Tavare both went

Lawson dismissed Fowler for seven and Tavare for one when both batsmen failed to get behind the line and fell to slip catches by Yardley and Kim Hughes respectively.

England, 13 for two at that point, were making a recovery when David Gower, having put on 50 with Lamb, became Lawson's third victim immediately before lunch.

Lamb and Botham, who punished Thomson severely, carried the attack to Australia after lunch England were compelled to and hammered 78 for the fourth

pping up three wickets while II were added to have England ree-

ling at 152 for six. Yardley dismissed Botham, while Lawson had Lamb superbly caught left handed by Marsh and then sent back Geoff Miller next ball with the aid of a head-high

catch by Marsh.

#### **Invitation for Tender**

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Alia, the Royal Jordanian Airline, invites International firms or joint ventures to prequalify and tender for importation, erection and installation of a very heavy steel structure and its associated complex electromechanical works.

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interested and qualified firms can purchase the prenualification and tender documents and full set of designs and drawings for a non-refundable fee of JD 200 from the offices of Arabair Services (the consultant) starting noon Sunday Nov. 28, 1982 until the closing time of noon Mon., Dec. 20, 1982.

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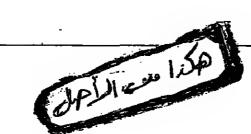
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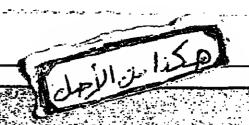
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## British interest rates move up

LONDON (R) - British interest rates moved sharply higher Friday in a bid to keep the pound sterling from tumbling further, marking a sethack for government hopes of cheaper credit to lift the economy.

Barclay's, Britain's biggest bank, announced a one percentage point rise to 10 per cent in the base lending rate on which other nterest rates are set, ending a year-long decline from 14.5 per cent in

The move was encouraged by the Bank of England as concern about the pound's depreciation by more than 7.5 per cent so far this month outweighed the government's earlier concern to get interest rates down to put some life into the listless economy.

Interest rates on sterling investments rose by a similar amount in the money markets. Dealers said the currency, which fell to a six-year low near \$1.57 and to a 3-1/2 year low of 3.9790 West German marks on European

markets this morning, rallied sharply on the news that Barclay's was By midday the pound had climbed above \$1.60 and over 4.04

The run on the pound began earlier this month after analysts concluded that it was overvalued. The decline picked up speed after speculation mounted that world oil prices are likely to decline, putting a dent in Britain's North Sea oil revenues that make its balance of payments look better.

The pound was widely believed to be in danger of falling to a new post-war low against the dollar -- it dropped briefly below \$1.56 in 1976 - and slipped badly against the other major hard currencies, the mark, Japanese yen and Swiss franc.

At first, Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's advisers spoke approvingly of the decline as a boost for British exporters who stood to benefit as British goods became cheaper to buy with stronger cur-

But dealers said that officials became alarmed at the speed of the slide and the lack of market support for a point at which sterling could

They said there was also growing concero that the weakened pound would revive inflation, which had fallen below seven per cent, by pushing up the cost of imported raw materials and products, for which British consumers have been showing a growing preference.

The opposition Labour Party this week proposed a 30 per cent devaluation of sterling over a 24-month period as part of a five-year economic strategy to create jobs for the country's 3.2 million une-

But chancellor of the exchequer Sir Geoffrey Howe, Mrs. Thatcher's chief economic spokesman, stated his opposition to devaluation, arguing that such a move would not raise Britain's intemational competitiveness.

He stressed the need to keep prices and wages down and told a parliamentary committee he saw no reason to change the treasury view that the pound's exchange rate next year would be little changed

Friday's rise in the base lending rate was the first since October, 1981, when it was boosted by two percentage points to 16 per cent. Since then, there have been 14 cuts,

## Hong Kong stock market prices fall

HONG KONG (R) — Prices on the Hong Kong stock market fell to their lowest level for two and a half years Friday as news of a widening trade deficit accelerated a long-term trend downwards. The Hang Seng index, the leading market indicator, lost 25.4 points to end the day at 747.93.

Dealers attributed the fall to figures showing the British colony's balance of trade for October was \$230 million in the red, compared to \$134 million in September.

They also blamed press speculation that a big development consortium would delay a major building project after two of its members reported financial difficulties due to falling property and land

Local property prices have fallen 30 per cent and land values 70 to 80 per cent from a peak 18 months ago.



"Maybe I should exchange the alarm clock for an electric cattle prod!"

JUNES E THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob I as one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. No use. Nona of tham are allgibla LANVA ZAMIE RESEGY A SINGLE GIRL LOOK-ING FOR A HUSBAND SHOULD LOOK FOR THIS INSTEAD. MANIAE Now arrange the circled letters to

form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon.

Answer here: A (Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: VAPOR ELEGY CAMPUS HEREBY Answer: What most poets will tell you-RHYME DOESN'T PAY

# **GATT** enters crucial stage

European negotiators met privately Friday in a fresh attempt to resolve disagreements blocking a world trade conference, but delegates reported little sign of pro-

They said the ministerial conference of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT), which started on Wednesday, may have to continue until Sunday instead of ending Saturday.

U.S. special trade representative Mr. William Brock met European Community Commssion Vice-President Wilhelm Haferkamp this morning, diplomats said.

Delegates said that after more than two days of behind the scenes talks, agreement seemed no nearer on any of the main contentious

Washington has rejected Third World attempts to bridge the gap between a U.S. demand that GATT study trade in services like banking and insurance and widespread opposition to this in the developing countries, trade diplomats said

Approaching the meeting like a poker game with high stakes, Washington has turned the session into a showdown on subsidised European food exports. It says American sellers are being crowded out of traditional overseas markets, while EEC officials firmly reject the American proposal as unacceptable.

Washington scored an important victory when Brazil indicated it was ready to accept a non-binding GATT study on services. Other influential Third World states like India staunchly oppose the idea.

Delegates at the GATT mee-

million barrels) of crude in 1981.

million tonnes (739 million barrels).

to satisfy rising domestic demand.

Gulf and near Hainan island in the south.

**600**P

MORNING!

**Peanuts** 

China earns \$5b

from oil exports

PEKING (R) — Exports of crude oil and refined petroleum products

made up nearly one-quarter of China's total exports last year, earning \$5 billion, a senior Chinese trade official said Friday.

Mr. Huang Wenjun, deputy director of the policy research department of the ministry of foreign economic relations and trade, said in an interview China bad exported some 14 million tonnes (100

This was less than 14 per cent of China's total oil output of 101

Exports of petroleum products totalled roughly six million tonnes

(44 million barrels) on top of this, Mr. Huang added. China's biggest customer for crude is Japan, to which it had been

forced to curtail plans to boost crude sales because of sagging output. Mr. Huang said it would be difficult to increase exports until

still-unproven offshore reserves come on stream later in the decade,

and it might even be necessary to reduce exports meanwhile in order

Some Western oil company representatives based in Peking say

But Mr. Huang said a substantial increase in exports was expected

Thirty-three foreign oil companies lodged bids in August with the

China National Offshore Oil Corporation to take part in offshore oil

development, most of which is expected to take place in the South

exploration and development of small offshore sectors in the Bobai

Some Western and Japanese companies already have contracts for

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AN ENGLISH MUFFIN!

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commercial offshore production is not expected to start until 1988 or

by 1990 because of the anticipated offshore supplies.

ting, the first in nine years for the world's leading trade forum, will now focus their attention on a Common Market council of ministers meeting late this afternoon which is to map out the Community's final position in the talks.

A major problem the council will have to iron out is the continuing split in views between the free trade-minded West Germans and an increasingly protectionist

French Foreign Trade Minister Michel Jobert, who recently introduced several openly protectionist measures and who opposed holding the conference in the first place, told reporters the meeting was "of no use because it was inopportune".

Largely under French influence, the European Community has taken a tough stand also against a U.S. proposal that the conference commit governments to roll back present protectionist measures and refrain from new

European Community ministers held a council meeting in Geneva Thursday night, but a communique issued Friday said merely they urged their officials to "pursue vigorously the negoliations with a view to coming to a successful compromise, satisfactory to essential Community interests.

Canadian External Affairs Minister Allan Maceachen, who is chairing the 88-nation conference. circulated a draft compromise on how GATT should adjudicate in disputes over unfair trading. The U.S. wants GATT's judgment to be made mandatory, which it is not at present.

Mr. Maceachen's version would

oblige governments not to "unduly block" the process of dispute settlement. This would probably satisfy European Community countries, which do not want GATT turned into a court of law. but may not go far enough for the Americans, diplomats said.

The U.S. also circulated a draft compromise on safeguards, which are measures governments can take temporarily under GATT rules in order to restrict imports and protect jobs in endangered domestic industries.

Developing countries want such action taken only on a multilateral basis, unless the exporting country agrees voluntarily to curbs. But the European Community. in parficular France, wants to continue taking selective import curbs against individual states, even without agreement from those states.

The U.S. compromise would provide for a GATT committee 10 make recommendations when two countries disagree on the need for selective import controls, but if these recommendations were not accepted, then only multilateral action would be accepted.

Developing countries however considered that this implied lengthy new negotiations, and diplomats said its chances of success

Japan has staved in the background at the conference, apparently pleased that the row between Europe and the U.S. bas taken the spotlight off what other countries see as its own restrictive import practices.

However diplomats believe Japan is anxious the conference should make some sort of new commitment to open trade, as it sees itself a prime potential victim of protectionist reprisals.

Wesi German Economics Minister Otto Lambsdorff and British Junior Trade Minister Peter Rees argued for a more flexible Community stand and tried to defuse

Although developing countries make up two-thirds of GATTs membership, they have found themselves in the weak position of pleading with only limited success for GATT commitments already made to be upheld by all mem-

#### LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Leading shares ended sharply lower after an unexpected one-point rise in Barclay's base rate to 10 per cent aborted an attempted midmorning rally, dealers said.

Prices were generally off the lows by the official close but news Midland Bank had lifted its base rate 1 4 points to 104 per cent came as a further blow to industrial stocks in late trading. The F.T. index at 1500 Friday was down 13.3 at 587.6, the lowest level since the close on Oct. 6.

In contrast, medium and long dated government bonds rallied along with sterling after Barclay's move but slipped back later. leaving losses of one to 11/2 points.

Blue Circle was off 12p at 473 and other construction related issues were weak. Barratts fell 16p to 422 and London Brick was down 8p at 122. MEPC fell 6p to 169 ahead of figures due next

Boots. depressed from the start by adverse press comment on Thursday's interim results, fell 14p to 246.

Among the leaders, Plessey ended 10p down at 612 after 604 and BTR closed 14p down at 382 after 380. Glaxo was off 20p at 1,290 and falls of 6p to 8p were posted against 1CI, Marks and Spencer, Distillers, Beecham and BOC.

Against the trend, GEC and Imperial Group rose 2p and 1p

#### LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday

One sterling 1.6000/50 One U.S. dollar 1.2365/68 .5275/85 2.7780/90 2.1690/1705 49.49/52

7.1550/1600 1461.00/1462.00 252.20/40 7.5310/40 7.1810/40 8.8640/70

One ounce of gold 414.75/415.75

U.S. dollars Canadian dollars West German marks **Dutch** guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs

Italian lire Japanese yen Swedisb crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

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ACROSS Cattla like one? the zebu 6 Mme., in (sland 29 Surprise-Spain 9 Shaggy ox 31 Gama with 12 Household

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## YOUR DAILY

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, NOV. 27, 1982

from the Carroll Righter Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You have a good chance to complete a project you have been working on for some time. Also, you are able to gain success in other outlets which have been temporarily halted. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You can easily formulate

plans now that can be carried out with success. Spere time should be spent with good friends. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Know what your finest

personal aims are and the best ways to attain them. Expreaa happiness with loved one.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Be sure to handle any civic affairs in an adept manner. You can now add to your public image through wise actions.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Good time to contact outsiders and gain the support you need. Strive to

gain your most cherished aims. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Be sure to finish any duties you have promised to do for others. Engage in favorite

hobby with friends. Avoid dangerous pleces. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Attend to tasks which you have postponed in the paat. You have to be more exact in

handling a public matter now. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Show others you are willing

to do your share of any work required. Be careful of one who is antagonistic. Plan for the future. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Make arrangements for

the recreation you enjoy. Find some new way of expressing yourself. Show more devotion to loved one. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Look over your

surroundings and make plans for improvement. A good time to pursue personal aims. CAPRICORN [Dec. 22 to Jan. 20] Make long-range plans for the days ahead. It's wise to handle communica-

tions before engaging in recreetion. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19] Talk with a money expert and get the advice you need. Take time to decide best

way to handle routine affairs. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Make plans to have greater abundance in the future. Sidestep one who is

jealous of you. Keep out of trouble. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will understand the importance of finishing whatever has once been started. There is a fine pioneering spirit in this chart. Be sure to give the finest education you can offord. Don't neglect apiritual training.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

## THE Daily Crossword By William Canine

49 Aunt: Sp. 50 King: Fr. 26 Pop-eved bor's Wife" 28 Seychelles' 52 - Ataturk 15 Loud noise

16 Composed 23 Truly! divisions 55 Windy day Went out 26 Lika cer-58 Hunted one tain grain

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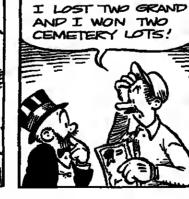
Yankees" 54 Comedian Johnson

55 Ctucker 56 Choose 57 Mideast acronym

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## I PLAY GOLF WITH A SALESMAN! I'M NOT SURE





## **Andy Capp**

Mutt 'n' Jeff

HOW WAS

YOUR GOLF

SAME, MUTT









## WORLD

# Peking discusses post of president

PEKING (R) — The National People's Congress (NPC), China's rubber-stamp parliament, Friday opened its annual session with the examination of a draft constitution which would restore the post of "state chairman" or president.

More than 3,100 delegates assembled in Peking's Great Hall of the People where the 15-day session was opened by the NPC chairman and de facto head of state. Marsbsl Ye Jianying, 85.

Apart from giving China a proper head of state for the first time in 15 years, the constitution would also set up a new body to control the armed forces--a central military council.

In general terms the draft signals a return to the rule of law and the termal abolition of leftist charters promulgated in 1975 under Mao Tsetung and 1978 under the now disgraced ex-Chairman Hua Guo-

The new constitution also provides for the abolition of the Maoist "people's communes" as political units and their replacement by a system of "township" local governments although the communes survive as economic organisations for the time being.

A report on the new constitution was given by former Peking Mayor Peng Zhen. first deputy NPC chairman to Marshal Ye and

himself regarded by some diplomats as a possible candidate for the state chairmanship.

The post, formally abolished in 1975, was last held by Liu Sbaoqi, the chief victim of Mao's extremist Cultural Revolution from 1966-76 who died in jail but was posthumously rebabilitated two years ago. Since then the nearest equivalent to a head of state has been the

Mr. Peng said one of the more important provisions of the new constitution was a stipulation that the head of state and his deputy, as well as the premier and the vice-premiers, should not serve for more than two five-year terms.

If adhered to, this would mean that Premier Zhao Ziyang should step down in 1990 when he is 72.

Mr. Peng, banished to do hard labour in the countryside during the Cultural Revolution but later rebabilitated, stressed the increased commitment of the new constitution to burnan rights.

He said it reinstated a clause in an earlier constitution promulgated in 1954 but later deleted that all citizens were equal before the law. But be said China remained a dictatorship "of the proletariat" and stressed that eitizens' rights and freedoms must not infringe upon the interests of the state.

## Mitterrand's Indian visit to complete 'triangle'

ASWAN, Egyot (R) — French President François Mitterrand completes the third side of a forcign policy "triangle" Saturday, starting a visit to India that aides say has acquired special importance with recent signs of movement in the Asian strategic pic-

When he took office in May 1981, the Socialist president set out to establish a new French role in the developing world based on special relations with three regional leaders -- Mexico. Algeria and India.

He visited Mexico and Algeria last year as well as other developing countries, each time pledging support for efforts to close the widening gap between rich and

He flies to Delhi, completing the triangle, after a three-day official visit to Egypt, the country which with India and Yugoslavia helped found the non-Aligned

Domestic critics say the president's travels help French trade and political influence, but produce little more than rhetoric on the development front.

His talks with Prime Minister Indira Gandhi in Delhi will mark the eulmination of ministerial trips that have helped elinch a billion dollar order for France's Mirage fighters and agreement in principle by France to supply nuclear fuel to India.

During the visit, further arms deals will be discussed with Indian officials by the French president's brother, Gen. Jacques Mitterrand, head of the state, Aerospace Com-

The nuclear fuel deal, agreed in outline in conjunction with the United States, has run into difficulties over the safeguards France wants before starting supplies.

Mr. Mitterrand's aides say there is an obvious affinity between non-aligned India and a France dedicated to offering relations of a "third kind" outside the superpowers' orbit, and add that Paris wants exemplary relations with

The superpowers and their influence are expected to be an important theme in two rounds of talks between Mr. Mitterrand and

Mrs. Gandhi and between their foreigo ministers.

The French leader will be keen to hear Mrs. Gandhi's thinking on developments that could fundamentally modify the strategic equation on the Eurasian continent, French officials say.

One such development is India's rapprochement with Pakistan, symbolised by talks this month in Delhi between Mrs. Gandhi and Pakistani President Mohammad Zia Ul Haq.

The sharpest point of discord between India and France is Afgbanistan, Mr. Mitterrand has effectively frozen political relations between Paris and Moscow, saying they cannot be normal while Soviet troops occupy Afghanistan.

## Pragmatic Fitzgerald inherits bleak Irish legacy

DUBLIN (R) - Garrel Fil- author and journalist. zgerald, who is expected to become Irish prime minister again after nine months in opposition. is more highly regarded for his academic and economic credentials than for his political skills.

The campaign leading up to Wednesday's election -- the third in 18 months -- showed the urbane intellectual was no match for his adversary Charles Haughey io the rough and tumble of political

But his credibility as the eandidate more capable of dealing problems and his reputation as a crusader prepared to break with

tradition seemingly won the day. He can draw on a breadth of talent and experience -- as a former lawyer, economist, lecturer,

BY CHARLES GOREN

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Q:-Recently, my partner

opened the bidding on the

♦Q9xxx TAQx ♦KJxxx

10

We play five-card majors,

and I feel a one spade open-

ing hid would have made

more sense, and would have

avoided having to rehid such

a slender suit. A response of

two diamonds could he

answered with two no

trump. It is my contection

that his rehid of two apades

gives an erroneons picture of

both the strength of his hand

and the quality of his suit. I

expected partner to have

1 NT

The bidding proceeded:

1 +

Ptnr Me

following hand:

The 56-year-old leader of the Fine Gael (Land of Ireland) Party previously served seven mooths as prime mioister but was toppled wheo he tried to impose a harsh budget last January.

As oational leader for a second time, he would have to tackle the same economic crisis again, with unpalatable measures still in prospect as the only way of getting the country back on the right track. Ireland is curreotly saddled with 17 per cent inflatioo, 13 per cent unemployment and a foreigo debt woman and child in the country.

Dr. Fitzgerald emerged on the national scene in 1973 when he became foreign minister in the government of the then Fine Gael leader, Liam Cosgrave. He proved

a polished diplomat, impressing with his quick grasp of complicated issues. He has a penchant for being

precise, as demonstrated by the

fact that he would take a pocket calculator along to news con-ferences to make sure he gave He worked for I1 years at the Irisb oational airline, Aer Lingus,

hefore turning to an academic life and becoming lecturer in political economy at Dublin's Trinity College. Wheo he left Aer Lingus, he was replaced by a computer and He took over as leader of Fine

Gael in 1977, pushed to the fore by the middle-class liberals. businessmen and educated professionals that the party attracted. He aliensted some of the to work together.

largely-Catholic population by suggesting the constitution be amended to make the republic more acceptable to the majority Protestants in Northero Ireland.

He also suggested there should he an all-Ireland police force and court system.

During the latest election campaign, Prime Minister Haughey seized on this to accuse him of colluding with the British at the risk of drawing the republic into the sectarian violence that has cla-imed more than 2,300 lives in Northern Ireland in the last 13

Dr. Fitzgerald pledged to restore a special relationship with Londoo, believing the only way to solve the Northern Ireland problem was for the two governments | rightist plots, murder and int-

## Rome busts | Nakasone has trouble arms ring

MILAN (R) - Announcements by Italian authorities that they have broken up one of the world's biggest arms smuggling rings has triggered fresh controversy about the competence of the country's secret services.

Socialist deputy Franco Accame tabled a parliamentary question asking how the vast traffic, in which arms for the Middle East were alleged to have been traded for heroin, escaped the attention of Italian intelligence.

policies.

years.

The secret services have undergone repeated shake-ups in the past two years after disclosures that members were involved in a

series of scandals. Investigating magistrate Carlo Palermo told a press conference that police had arrested the leaders of the ring, which he said dealt in weapons ranging from assault hel-icopters and armoured cars to small arms and grenades.

Police said Thursday that it was one of the world's largest arms trafficking networks.

Mr. Palermo said the ring was fronted by an export-import firm with its base in a Milan building that was owned by the failed Banco Ambrosiano.

The magistrate said two years of investigations, which also involved Interpol and U.S. narcotics agents. culminated in the arrest this week of seven people on charges of illegal arms dealing. They included Syrian Henry Arsan, 70, head of the firm, Arsan's Italian wife, and another Syrian, 36-year-old Mohammad Nabil.

More than 200 arrest warrants had been issued and drugs worth about 100 billion fire (\$690 million) had been seized, Mr. Palermo

He told the press conference that the network supplies huge qua-ntities of arms to unnamed Middle Eastern buyers, who paid with dollars and heroin.

The investigation started when a suspected drugs trafficker, thought to have slit his throat in prison, was found in a post mortem to have been murdered with a long needle which pierced his heart.

Mr. Palermo said he later arrested a "soper-informatioo," whom he did not name, who provided a store of leads. The magistrate added that the

ceremos. trail led from Milan to Sofia. Political sources said Mr. Pal-

embarrass the secret services. They had already been subject to a total reorganisation after allegations that they were linked to

## Reagan to pack economics, democracy into exhaustive Latin American tour

WASHINGTON (R) - President Reagan travels to Latin America this week to support what his administratioo sees as a trend towards democracy in the region, and to discuss economic problems. Mr. Reagan begins his five-day

trip on Tuesday in Brazil, the areas's largest country, where elections were beld recently as part of the military government's democratic "abutara" (opening) plan. Another stop will be in Colombia, a long-established democracy in a region where the military and landed oligarchies have

usually held power. He will also meet the leaders of four small nations in Central America, where his administratioo supports efforts to present a democratic froot in opp-

These talks will take place in Costa Rica a long-established democracy, and in Honduras which recently ended military rule by electing a civilian government. While in Costa Rica, Mr. Reagan will meet President Alvaro

Magana of El Salvador. The U.S. has been providing El Salvador with military and economic aid to help what it perceives as a budding democracy to withstand leftist

In Honduras, the democratic theme of the trip will be strained when Mr. Reagan meets Guatemalan strongman Gen. Efrain Rios Moott, who came to power in an army-backed coup last March.

The Carter administration cut off arms sales to Guatemala in 1977, citing burnan rights abuses. osition to leftist-ruled Nicaragua. Any move to restore aid now

would face strong criticism in the U.S. Congress. Mr. Reagan's trip is seen in part as a move to meod relations with Latin America, strained by U.S.

commercial banks nearly \$50 bil-

stressed that the Vatican was "not

There must be faith in divine

providence... which will grant the

means for the Holy See to pursue

Money should be used sparingly

of the eburch's spiritual role, he

said, citing missionary activity and

charitable work as important

examples of the Holy See's true

looked like the Pope's summing-

up of the lessons from Amb-

rosiano and might signals a swe-

director of IOR for 11 years, it has

made speculative use of Vatican

funds in a bid to increase church

wealth. In Ambrosiano alone IOR

was officially eredited with a 1.6

per cent stake, although a former

top Ambrosiano official has said it

This would probably new end,

the sources said, and the IOR be

accorded a much more limited

role, restricted to holding funds

and transferring them to ecc-

lesiastical hodies in the many cou-

otries where the Catholic church is

Under Archbishop Marcinkus,

eping reform of 10R.

The sources said the statement

a typical state."

its goals." he said.

vocation.

support for Britain in its Flakland islands conflict with Argentina this year. To further this effort, Washington recently backed king night since.

Argentine-sponsored resolutions on the British-governed South Atlantic islands in both the United Nations and the Organisation of American States (OAS). performances. Latin America has been badly

It has defied innumerable cast hit by world recession and faces changes, a switch of theatre, the formidable problems due to the collapse of export markets, soaof theatrical fashion. ring oil import costs and huge external debts. Brazil alone owes

record was the American melodrama "The Drunkard", which eles in 1959.

who threw a party for more than 1.000 people at Londoo's Savoy Hotel Thursday to celebrate the occasion, said in a radio interview

On the surface there is no obvand essentially in the furtherance

> the cast request their audience not to spoil the play for others by divulging the plot.

oly Australian tourists in an almost full theatre appeared to bave tumbled to "whodunnit" long before the denouement.

Mousetrap" he that of fine acting or a distinguished cast -- for with one or two exceptions few actors or actresses of distinction bave appeared in it. "The Mousetrap" began life as

thday of the 1ste Oueen Mary, Oueen Elizabeth.

#### choosing his cabinet TOKYO (R) - New Japanese Other faction chiefs protested. Shintaro Abe, a protege of for-

Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone Friday named a cabinet of mer Prime Minister Takeo Fukexperienced ministers, heralding uda, was named as toreign mincootinuity of the country's basic ister and Noboru Takeshita, a member of Mr. Tanaka's faction. Several cabinet members, incwas made finance minister. luding 64-year-old Mr. Nakasone The difficulty in forming the himself, have served in previous

cabinet contrasted with the smooth way that Mr. Nakasone became prime minister. He easily beat three rivals for

the party presidency which carries with it the premiership because the LDP holds the majority in both houses of parliament.

Mr. Nakasone told reporters Tanaka, head of the LDP's biggest. Thursday his administration's first faction, demanded more seats in priority would be to strengthen relations between Japan and the the cabinet and party executive for United States.

## Norway supports basing U.S. missiles in Europe

OSLO (R) - Preparations for sit- the costs of building the launch ing new U.S. missiles in Europe must go ahead if U.S.-Soviet talks in Geneva on reducing the number of European-based missiles are to have any chance of success, Norwegian Foreign Minister Svenn Stray said Friday.

administrations of the Liberal

Democratic Party (LDP) which

has governed Japan for the past 27

The cabinet was formed after

several hours of bickering among

party leaders over who should

Former Prime Minister Kakuei

take the top ministerial posts.

In a foreign policy statement to parliament, Mr. Stray said it would be of "absolutely decisive importance that the NATO countries show the necessary degree of perseverance" to obtain results in the Geneva oegotiations.

Preparation of launching sites was essential to show the Soviet Union it had to choose between reaching agreement with the West or seeing NATO deploy U.S. Pershing II and Cruise missiles in

Europe, he said. On Monday, the Norwegian parliament defeated by only one

Although Norway joined NATO on the understanding that it would not accept the stationing of foreign troops or ouclear weapons on its territory in peacetime. it is committed to paying infrastructure costs which come from a common NATO fund. Former Labour Prime Minister

Mrs. Gro Harlem Brundtland argued during the debate that Norway should not pay anything until a final decisioo had been taken on deploying the missiles. NATO has said it will deploy

572 of the new medium-range missiles from next year unless there is agreement in Geneva. Mr. Stray said Friday that no

progress had been made in Geneva on the central issue of how to vote ao opposition proposal to reduce Soviet super postpone payment of its share of medium-range missiles. reduce Soviet superiority in

#### Salvadorean rebels raid village

SAN SALVADOR (R)— Leftist guerrillas bave captured the village of Lislique in El Salvador's northeast province of Morazan, according to rebel Radio Ven-

It said Thursday night that army troops attempted to drive out the guerrillas shortly after the occupation of Lislique, but rehel for- immediately known. ces intercepted the soldiers before they could reach the village.

that insurgents had attacked the Morazan provincial capital of San Francisco Gotera early Thursday. Military officials said guerrillas struck the city with a barrage of mortar fire uoder cover of darkness, causing panic among residents. The number of casualties in the series of explosions was no

The officials denounced the attack as one of the most serious dir-The radio confirmed earlier ected against civiliaos in El Salreports by the Salvadorean army vador's three-year-old civil war.

#### Agatha Christie's 'Mousetrap'. enjoys 30 years of West End

LONDON (R) — The world's longest running play entered its fourth decade in London's West End Thursday night and its producer confidently predicted it would last another 10 years.

Agatha Christie's "The Mousetrap," a simple thriller with a cast of eight, opened at the Ambassadors theatre on Nov. 25, 1952, and has played every wor-

It has survived eight British prime ministers and eight U.S. presidents and more than five million people have seen the 12,462

death of the author and the whims Its closest rival for the loogevity

ended a 26-year run in Los Ang-Impresario Sir Peter Saunders.

he expected the play to run for at least 10 more years. "It will come off when the public stops waoting to see it," he added.

ious reason wby "The Mousetrap" should have established such a record. True, at each night's curtain call

But this week many of the mai-

Nor can the attraction of "The

a radio play called "Three Blind Mice" written for the 80th birgrandmother of Britain's present

When converted into a stage plsy there was difficulty at first in finding a theatre to bouse it or a director prepared to put it on. The first three approached refused and the fourth accepted only to wit-

Wheo film star Richard Atteohorough, who played Sergeant Trotter, left the cast in 1954 after 700 performances, few thought "The Mousetrap" would long survive his departure.

Eveo Miss Christie, who died in Jan. 1976 at the age of 85, did not think it would outlast the first six

#### Income kept secret

Perhaps the only person to have an inkling of the play's potential was Sir Peter Saunders, who defied Londoo's theatrical establishmeot to stage it at the Ambassadors after a short provincial trial run.

constructed thriller the stage has known and says it bas become as much a tourist attraction as Buc-·kingham Palace or the Tower of Nor will Sir Peter be drawn on

Sir Peter regards it as the best

how much money he has made on "The Mousetrap". He has certainly made more than the author. for Agatha Christie never made a peuny out of it -- she gave the royalties to her grandsoo as a ninth birthday present. There is not secret, however,

about the London Theatre takings. So far the audiences have paid more than £7 millioo (\$11 million) at the box office. These takings do not include the

returos from productions in 41 countries throught the world.

A performance at Wormwood Scrubs prison in March 1959 by the West Eod cast was noteworthy as the first full-leogth murder play to he performed in a British prison. There were eight murderers in the audience and two convicts escaped during the performance.

One stage director aghast at its durability said 'The Mousetrap' ought to be abolished by act of parhament." But almost the only other per-

son to regret its leogthy run will be the man who bought the film rights in 1956 - with the proviso that shooting could not start until six months after the Londoo run

## NEWS BRIEF

#### Iranian pilot cites airline abuses

VIENNA (R) — An Iranian pilot, who escaped from Iran earlier this month, said he was the 74th member of the national airline, Iran Air, to flee since the 1979 Islamic revolution. Capt. Mahmud Namdar. 39, a supporter of the leftwing Mujahedeen organisation told a news conference that pilots in Iran had to work under great stress. Capt. Namdar alleged that pilots worked up to 24 hours at a stretch followed by only eight hours rest before the next flight. "Not many pilots are left, perhaps-40 to 50," he said.

#### Criminals condemned in Chinese rally

PEKING (R) - Two rapists were condemned to death at a mass rally in China's former wartime capital of Chungking, the official Sichuan Provincial Daily reported. The rally, the date of which was not mentioned, was beld to denounce soccer hooligans who looted shops, smashed windscreens, beat up policemen and snatched soldiers' hats after a match on Oct. 22: Four young men were sentenced at the rally, after being tried, to hard labour for between two and six years, the newspaper said.

#### 3 Czechs to be allowed to emigrate

VIENNA (R) — Three prominent Czechoslovak dissidents will get permission to emigrate in the near future, emigre sources said Friday. They said historians Karel Bartosek and Jan Mlynarik were informed by authorities that their emigration requests would be informed by authorities that their emigration requests would be granted. Journalist Karel Kyncl was told that his application for emi-gration would be approved after be provided three more documents to replace those originally submitted which had expired.

#### Kreisky wants former SS major released

ROME (R) - Austrian Chancellor Bruno Kreisky was rep-orted to have appealed for the immediate release of former SS Maj. Walter Reder, the last convicted Nazi war criminal in Italy. The Socialist Party newspaper F Avanti printed the text of a letter it said Dr. Kreisky had sent to Socialist leader Beltino Craxi, urging Reder's release for bumanitarian and political reasons. Reder. 67. wbo is of Austrian origin, was sentenced to life imprisonment in 1951 for ordering the killing in 1944 of at least 600 civilians in the Marzobotto area of Central Italy in reprisal for partisan attacks on German troops.

#### Korean admits arson attack on USIS

SEOUL (R) - A 22-year-old South Korean has been arrested for attempting to burn down the U.S. Information Service building in Kwangju last Saturday, police said Friday. They said Kwon Hyong-Kon, an unemployed resident of the sonthern city, gave himself up Thursday and admitted hurling a Molotov cocktail onto the roof of the one-storey building during the night. Two Korean guards quickly put out a blaze set off by the flaming petrol, and no casualties or damage were reported. Police quoted Mr. Kwon as saying he was drunk and acted to draw public attention to his poverty and "social disconteot."

#### Manila to charge 5 alleged Communists

MANILA (R) — Five alleged

members of the ootlawed Philippine Communist Party, including a former Roman Catholic priest and three women, will be charged with conspiring to commit rebellion and possessing explosives and ammunition, according to the public prosecutor in the city of Davao. The official Philippines news agency said that prosecutor Emmanuel Galicia approved the filing of the charges against 34-year-old Father Orlando Tizoo and the four others. Father Tizon was said by the military to have joined the Communist Party after quarrelling with his bishop in the central island of

held 16 per cent.

6-5 distribution with more strength. How would you handle this band? -- Margaret Wharton, Green Valley, (This question has been awarded the weekly prize.) A .- You have touched on a delicate subject where not even experts agree: What do you open when you are 5-5 in the black suits? There is one school that

always opens one spade. They place so much emphasis on a major suit fit that they are prepared to lose the club suil on some hands. That approach makes more sense at duplicate than at rubber bridge. Another school always opens one club. That way

they are assured of getting the spade suit into the auction except perhaps on those hands where responder raises to two clubs, or the opponents' competition makes it too dangerous to do so. 1 belong to yet another

school. I open one club on

minimum hands and very

J

There is only one rebid on the hand if you open one spade and partner responds

18 points.

GOREN BRIDGE atrong hands, but ooe spade on intermediate hands. I feel that there is ao advantage to opening one club with minimum opening bids because. by and large, you will be able

to show both suits while the bidding is still at a low level. It really does not make much difference which method you use. The main thing is that you should have an agreement with partner as to which way you are going. Without any agreement, I would assume that the bidding sequence adopted by your partner did not show more than a 5-5 minimum. since I think that more people open one club on those

bands than open one spade. However, there is one atatement of youra with which I must disagree strongly. If you open one spade with the above hand and partner responds two diamonds, you must never rebid two no trump. All opening bids of no trump and all rebids in that strain have one thing in common-they promise balanced bands. Partner will expect you to have at least two cards in his suit for your no trump rebid. For example, suppose that

partoer holds: **♦xx ♡xxx ◊AKQJxx ♣xx** After you rebid two no trump, partner will be perfeetly justified in raising to three no trump, expecting you to make six tricks in his suit. Instead, you will take none and you do not have a hope of coming to nine tricks unless the opponents oblige by leading diamonds at some

two diamonds. That is two

spades - a bid of three clubs

now would be a high reverse

showing a band worth about

Pope disapproves of Ambrosiano affair By Roger Cohen

VATICAN CITY (R) - Five months after the Vatican became enmeshed in the collapse of Banco Ambrosiano, Pope John Paul II has effectively broken his silence on the affair by saying the Holy See must avoid financial deals inappropriate to its special cbaracter. An exhaustive papal statement

Opere di Religione (IOR), or Ambrosiano. But it was clearly inteoded to sum up the Pope's deep disapproval of the episode. "The Holy See... cannot develop the economic activity of a state. The production of economic wealth and the development of

made no direct mention of the

Vatican Bank, Istituto per le

income is excluded," the Pope He said the church's income should be provided overwhelmingly through contributions from the world's Catholics. The Vatican should avoid "means (of getting money) which could appear less respectful of its special character."

Vatican sources said the sta-

tement was plainly intended to

assert the unique spiritual cha-

racter of the Vatican state and distance it from affairs as temporal as the scandal-ridden collapse of Italy's largest private bank. The extent of the role of the

IOR in the collapse of Banco Ambrosiano is still disputed, and the Vatican has insisted it is in no way responsible. But nobody disputes the Holy See's image has been sullied by allegations from the Italian government that it owes some \$1.3 billion of the bank's debts through

letters of patronage issued by the

IOR presideot, Archbishop Paul Marcinkus. The letters, whose existence is not cootested, helped the late chairman of Banco Ambrosiano, Roberto Calvi, to raise loans for shadowy offsbore companies based in Panama which could not

repay them. The sources said the Pope's statement amounted to an acknowledgement that there might have been errors of judgment in the conduct of the Vatican's finances and a commitment to reform and discipline this activity in future.

The declaration, issued in the form of a letter to Vatican Secretary of State Agostino Casaroli.